FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: March 7, 2017

Agency Submitting: Nevada Department of Education

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Fiscal Year 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Effect on Future Biennia
General Fund (Revenue)			\$65,000	\$65,000
Survey (Expense)			\$65,000	\$65,000
Tota	0	0	0	0

Explanation

(Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

Please see attached fiscal note. This note assumes that there is a random sampling, passive consent, and only middle and high schools. The note is \$65,000 per year. Attachment shows comparable survey costs from the Division of Public and Behavioral Health.

	Name	Andrea McCalla
	Title	ASO III
GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF FINANCE COMMENTS The agency's response appears reasonable.	Date	Thursday, March 02, 2017
	Name	Susan Brown
	Title	Executive Budget Officer

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DBPH) receives approximately \$65,000 annually from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to conduct the Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS). This survey is considered the gold standard to survey adolescent health behaviors and is the primary sources of information on the most important health risk behaviors of middle and high school students. Taking part in the survey as designed by the CDC allows for national comparisons of adolescent risk behaviors to identify trends and introduce interventions and education opportunities were needed. The survey is conducted bi-annually statewide of both middle (beginning in 2015) and high school students. Surveys for 2017 have already been distributed to the school districts for completion.

The 2015 Middle School YRBS was comprised of 63 questions, of those 27 questions were related to behavioral health including substance use (reference pages 3-6). The 2017 Middle School YRBS still maintains a total of 68 questions, but the number of behavioral health related questions increased to 30 total questions related to behavioral health including substance use (reference pages 3-6). The 2017 Middle School YRBS has been designed to be more comparable to the High School YRBS Survey by adding more drug, tobacco and violence related questions verses the 2015 survey.

The 2015 High School YRBS had a total of the 99 questions and of those 35 where related to behavioral health including substance use (reference pages 5-9). In 2017 there will continue to be a total of 99 questions, but the number of behavioral health related questions has increased to 39 related questions (reference pages 5-10).

2013 to 2015 Comparison

2013 to 2013 Companison			
EMOTIONAL HEALTH			
Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey)	31.7	34.5	No Change
Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)	19.3	17.7	No Change
Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)	16.5	15.8	No Change
Percentage of students who attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)	11.8	9.8	No Change
Percentage of students who attempted suicide that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)	4.3	3.2	No Change

TOBACCO USE			
Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)	38.8	32.4	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who smoked a whole cigarette before age 13 years (for the first time)	8.8	6.4	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)	10.2	7.2	No Change
Percentage of students who currently frequently smoked cigarettes (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)	3.6	1.9	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who usually obtained their own cigarettes by buying them in a store or gas station	12.7	12.1	No Change
Percentage of students who attempted to quit smoking in the past 12 months (among those who currently smoke cigarettes)	57.0	52.0	No Change
Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)	4.5	4.3	No Change
Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)	9.4	6.5	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who currently used cigarettes, cigars, or smokeless tobacco (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)	14.3	11.4	Significant Decrease
ALCOHOL USE			
Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life)	67.4	64.0	No Change
Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips)	21.3	18.0	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)	33.3	30.6	No Change
Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey	17.6	15.3	No Change
Percentage of students who usually obtained the alcohol they drank by someone giving it to them (among students who currently drank alcohol)	35.6	38.7	No Change

MARIJUANA USE			
Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)	39.9	39.4	No Change
Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time)	9.7	9.0	No Change
Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)	18.5	19.6	No Change
OTHER DRUG USE			
Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life)	7.9	6.1	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)	9.8	6.9	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China white," one or more times during their life)	3.3	2.5	No Change
Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal," "crank," or "ice," one or more times during their life)	5.0	3.4	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who ever used ecstasy (also called "MDMA," one or more times during their life)	10.8	7.0	Significant Decrease
Percentage of high school students who ever used synthetic marijuana (also called "K2," "Spice," "fake weed," "King Kong," "Yucatan Fire," "Skunk," or "Moon Rocks") one or more times during their life	17.4	10.9	Significant Decrease
Percentage of students who ever took steroids without a doctor's prescription (pills or shots, one or more times during their life)	3.9	3.6	No Change
Percentage of students who ever took prescription drugs without a doctor's prescription (such as OxyContin, Percocet, Vicodin, codeine, Adderall, Ritalin, or Xanax, one or more times during their life)	18.4	17.0	No Change
Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life)	3.4	2.7	No Change
Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug	04.0	00.0	N. C.
on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)	31.0	29.2	No Change