## Amendment No. 363

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 326	(BDR 18-318)							
Proposed by: Assembly Committee on Government Affairs								
Amends: Summary: Yes Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: I	No Digest: Yes							

ASSEMBLY	AC	ΓΙΟΝ	Initial and Date		SENATE ACTIO	)N Initi	ial and Date
Adopted		Lost		I	Adopted	Lost	
Concurred In		Not		I	Concurred In	Not	
Receded		Not		I	Receded	Not	

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of **green bold underlining** is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) **red strikethrough** is deleted language in the original bill; (4) **purple double strikethrough** is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) **orange double underlining** is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

SJQ/AAK Date: 4/15/2019

A.B. No. 326—Establishes a program to provide loans to certain operators of grocery stores located in underserved communities.

(BDR 18-318)

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 326—ASSEMBLYMEN MCCURDY, PETERS, FUMO, WHEELER, ROBERTS; BILBRAY-AXELROD, DALY, DURAN, FLORES, JAUREGUI, MONROE-MORENO, NEAL, SWANK, WATTS AND YEAGER

MARCH 18, 2019

JOINT SPONSOR: SENATOR CANCELA

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Establishes a program to provide loans to certain operators of [grocery stores] fresh food retailers located in underserved communities [ and similar areas. (BDR 18-318)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Contains Appropriation not included in Executive Budget.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to economic development; requiring the State Treasurer to develop and carry out a program to provide loans to persons who operate or wish to operate [grocery stores] fresh food retailers located in underserved communities [;], low-income areas and adjacent qualified census tracts; making an appropriation; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## Legislative Counsel's Digest:

This bill requires the State Treasurer to develop and carry into effect a program under which a person who operates or wishes to operate a fercery stored fresh food retailer which is located in or will be located in an underserved community, low-income area or adjacent qualified census tract may obtain a loan to finance the establishment or expansion of such a fercery stored fresh food retailer. Section 2 of this bill creates the Nevada Fresh Food Financing Initiative Account in the State General Fund as a revolving loan account which must be administered by the State Treasurer and used to fund loans to such persons. Section 3 of this bill requires the State Treasurer to establish the program and requires the State Treasurer to develop: (1) the criteria a person must satisfy to be eligible for a loan; and (2) the procedures for applying for a loan. Under section 3, the State Treasurer is authorized to approve a loan if the person satisfies certain criteria established by the State Treasurer. Under section 3, if such a loan is approved: (1) the person receiving the loan must enter into a loan agreement with the State Treasurer; (2) the loan must be funded by the Nevada Fresh Food Financing Initiative Account created by section 2; and (3) all payments of principal and interest on the loan must be deposited in the Account. Section 3 authorizes the State Treasurer to enter into a public-private partnership with one or more private partners to carry out the program.

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## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** Chapter 226 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act.
- Sec. 2. 1. The Nevada Fresh Food Financing Initiative Account is hereby created in the State General Fund as a revolving loan account. The Account must be administered by the State Treasurer.
- 2. All interest and income earned on the money in the Account must be credited to the Account.
- 3. The money in the Account does not revert to the State General Fund at the end of any fiscal year and must be carried forward to the next fiscal year.
- 4. Money in the Account must be used by the State Treasurer to develop and carry into effect the program developed by the State Treasurer pursuant to section 3 of this act.
- 5. For each fiscal year, the State Treasurer shall use not more than 5 percent of the balance of the Account on the first day of the fiscal year or \$300,000, whichever is greater, on administrative expenses relating to the program developed pursuant to section 3 of this act, including, without limitation, marketing expenses, technical assistance and conducting community outreach.
- <u>6.</u> Claims against the Account must be paid as other claims against the State are paid.
- [6.]  $\overline{2}$ . The State Treasurer may apply for and accept gifts, grants, bequests and donations from any source for deposit into the Account.
- Sec. 3. I. The State Treasurer shall develop and carry into effect a program under which a person who operates or wishes to operate a forcery storef fresh food retailer which is located in or will be located in an underserved community, low-income area or adjacent qualified census tract in this State may obtain a loan of money distributed from the Account to finance the establishment or expansion of such a forcery store. Fresh food retailer.
- 2. The State Treasurer shall establish the criteria which must be used by the program to determine whether to make a loan to a person described in subsection 1 and the criteria which such a person must meet to qualify for a loan under the program. In establishing such criteria, the State Treasurer shall consider, without limitation, whether the making of the loan will assist the State to:
- (a) Promote the public health of residents of this State by providing access to healthy food options;
- (b) Expand employment opportunities or relieve unemployment or underemployment in underserved communities [; and], low-income areas and adjacent qualified census tracts;
- (d) Expand access to healthy and nutritious food to underserved communities, low-income areas or adjacent qualified census tracts.
- 3. The State Treasurer shall establish procedures for applying for a loan from the program. The procedures must require an applicant to submit an application for a loan that includes, without limitation:
  - (a) A statement of the proposed use of the loan; and
- (b) Such other information as the State Treasurer deems necessary to determine whether the making of the loan to the applicant satisfies the criteria established by the State Treasurer pursuant to subsection 2 and whether the applicant is qualified for the loan.

- 4. A person who operates or wishes to operate a [grocery store] fresh food retailer which is located in or will be located in an underserved community, lowincome area or adjacent qualified census tract in this State may submit an application for a loan to the State Treasurer.
- 5. The State Treasurer may approve an application for a loan submitted pursuant to subsection 4 if the State Treasurer finds that:
- (a) The person operates or wishes to operate a [grocery store] fresh food retailer which is located in or will be located in an underserved community, lowincome area or adjacent qualified census tract in this State;
  - (b) There is adequate assurance that the loan will be repaid; and
- (c) The making of the loan satisfies the criteria established by the State Treasurer pursuant to subsection 2.
- 6. If the State Treasurer approves an application for a loan pursuant to this section:
- (a) The State Treasurer and the applicant must execute a loan agreement that contains such terms as the State Treasurer or person deems necessary; and
- (b) The State Treasurer must fund the loan from the money in the Account.
  7. The rate of interest on loans made pursuant to the program must be as low as practicable, but sufficient to pay the cost of the program.
- 8. After deducting the costs directly related to administering the program, payments of principal and interest on loans made to a person who operates or wishes to operate a [grocery store] fresh food retailer which is located in or will be located in an underserved community, low-income area or adjacent qualified census tract in this State from money distributed from the Account must be deposited in the State General Fund for credit to the Account.
- 9. The State Treasurer may enter into a public-private partnership with one or more private partners, including, without limitation, a nonprofit corporation and a community development entity, to administer the program developed pursuant to subsection I. The public-private partnership must be structured to facilitate the efficient and effective administration of the program in accordance with the provisions of this section. The State Treasurer may delegate to a private partner any of his or her administrative powers and duties specified in this section or any regulations adopted pursuant thereto as the State Treasurer deems necessary.
  - 10. As used in this section:
- (a) "Account" means the Nevada Fresh Food Financing Initiative Account created by section 2 of this act.
- (b) <u>["Grocery store" means a store]</u> <u>"Adjacent qualified census tract" means</u> a census tract that:
  - (1) Is contiguous to an underserved community or low-income area; and
- (2) In the immediately preceding census, had a median household income of less than 120 percent of the median household income in this State or in the metropolitan area concerned, whichever is greater.
- (c) "Fresh food retailer" means a retail establishment, whether organized for profit or not-for-profit, which is principally devoted to the sale of [food for human consumption off the premises] meat, seafood, fresh fruits and vegetables, dairy products, dry groceries and household products or which derives a substantial amount of its gross revenue from the sale of [food for human consumption off the premises, regardless of whether the store is also devoted to or derives gross revenue from the sale of nonfood items.] such products. The term [does not include:] includes:
- (1) A [convenience store,] farmers market, as defined in NRS [597.225.] 244.336.

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- (2) A grocery store fat which the sale of food for human consumption off premises is incidental to the principal purpose of the store. NR\$ 597.225.
- (d) "Low-income area" means a census tract that in the immediately preceding census had:
- (1) Twenty percent or more of households with a household income below the federally designated level signifying poverty; or
- (2) A median household income of less than 120 percent of the median household income in this State or in the metropolitan area concerned, whichever is greater.
- (e) "Private partner" means a person with whom the State Treasurer enters into a public-private partnership.
- (f) "Public-private partnership" means a contract entered into by the State Treasurer and a private partner pursuant to this section.
- [(e)] (g) "Underserved community" means a census tract determined to be an area with low supermarket access by either the United States Department of Agriculture as identified in the Food Access Research Atlas or through a methodology that has been adopted for use by another governmental or philanthropic healthy food initiative.
- Sec. 4. There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Nevada Fresh Food Financing Initiative Account created by section 2 of this act the sum of \$10,000,000 for the purposes described in section 3 of this act.
  - 1. The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:
- (a) Section 9 of Article 8 of the Nevada Constitution contains a provision commonly known as a "gift clause" which restricts the State under certain circumstances from donating or loaning the State's money or credit to any company, association or corporation, except corporations formed for educational or charitable purposes.
- (b) In Employers Insurance Company of Nevada v. State Board of Examiners, 117 Nev. 249, 258 (2001), the Nevada Supreme Court held that the State loans its credit in violation of Section 9 of Article 8 of the Nevada Constitution only when the State acts as a surety or guarantor for the debts of a company, corporation or association.
- (c) In State ex rel. Brennan v. Bowman, 89 Nev. 330, 333 (1973), the Nevada Supreme Court held that the State does not loan its credit in violation of Section 9 of Article 8 of the Nevada Constitution when the State issues revenue bonds which are not backed or guaranteed by the State's general credit or taxing powers but are payable solely from revenues derived from the projects or programs financed by the revenue bonds.
- (d) In Lawrence v. Clark County, 127 Nev. 390, 405 (2011), the Nevada Supreme Court held that the State does not donate, loan or "gift" its money in violation of Section 9 of Article 8 of the Nevada Constitution when the State dispenses state funds for a public purpose and the State receives a valuable benefit or fair consideration in exchange for the dispensation of the state funds.
- (e) In McLaughlin v. Housing Authority of the City of Las Vegas, 68 Nev. 84, 93 (1951), and Lawrence v. Clark County, 127 Nev. 390, 399, 406 (2011), the Nevada Supreme Court held that when the Legislature authorizes a state agency to dispense state funds:
- (1) The courts will carefully examine whether the Legislature made an informed and appropriate finding that dispensation of the state funds serves a public purpose and the State receives a valuable benefit or fair consideration in exchange for the dispensation;

- (2) The courts will give great weight and due deference to the Legislature's finding, and the courts will uphold the Legislature's finding unless it clearly appears to be erroneous and without reasonable foundation; and
- (3) The courts will closely examine whether the dispensing state agency reviews all facts, figures and necessary information when making the dispensation, and when the state agency has done so, it will not be second-guessed by the courts.
  - 2. The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that:
- (a) In *State ex rel. Brennan v. Bowman*, 89 Nev. 330, 333 (1973), the Nevada Supreme Court held that legislation which promotes economic development and seeks to create, protect or enhance job opportunities "inures to the public benefit" and serves an important public purpose because it assists in "relieving unemployment and maintaining a stable economy."
- (b) To promote, develop and maintain a stable economy in this State, it is necessary and essential for the State to incentivize the establishment and expansion of <a href="[grocery stores]">[grocery stores]</a> fresh food retailers which are located in underserved communities, low-income areas or adjacent qualified census tracts because:
- (1) Such [grocery stores] fresh food retailers are more likely to employ persons who reside in the [underserved] communities in which the [grocery stores] fresh food retailers are located, including persons who are socially or economically disadvantaged, and therefore relieve unemployment in many segments of the population of this State that traditionally have experienced high rates of unemployment and underemployment; and
- (2) Such [grocery stores] <u>fresh food retailers</u> promote the public health of the residents of this State by providing access to healthy food options, thereby leading to a healthier population and more productive workforce.
  - 3. The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that:
- (a) The purpose of this act is to develop and carry into effect a state program under which persons who operate or wish to operate [grecery stores] fresh food retailers which are located in or will be located in underserved communities, low-income areas or adjacent qualified census tracts in this State may obtain loans from the program to finance the establishment or expansion of such [grecery stores.] fresh food retailers.
- (b) The provisions of this act are intended to serve an important public purpose and ensure that the State receives valuable benefits and fair consideration in exchange for each loan from the program because:
- (1) The program requires the dispensing state agency to review all facts, figures and necessary information when making each loan from the program; and
- (2) The loans from the program will increase employment opportunities for residents of this State who reside in underserved communities , low-income areas and adjacent qualified census tracts and will increase the overall public health of the people of this State by providing access to healthy food options, relieving unemployment, encouraging economic growth and maintaining a stable economy.
  - **Sec. 6.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2019.