SENATE BILL NO. 438-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

MARCH 25, 2019

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Establishes the circumstances in which a statement or confession by itself is sufficient to sustain the conviction of a defendant. (BDR 14-927)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; establishing the circumstances in which a statement or confession by itself is sufficient to sustain the conviction of a defendant; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

This bill establishes the circumstances in which a statement or confession made by a defendant is, by itself, sufficient to sustain the conviction of the defendant without other proof that the defendant committed a crime. This bill provides that a statement or confession alone is sufficient to sustain the conviction of a defendant if: (1) the defendant is charged with certain specified crimes; (2) the defendant's statement or confession is made to a peace officer while the peace officer is acting in his or her official capacity; and (3) the court determines that there is sufficient evidence to establish the trustworthiness of the defendant's statement or confession. This bill also requires the court to consider certain factors when making a determination as to whether there is sufficient evidence to establish the trustworthiness of the defendant's statement or confession.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 175 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. A statement or confession made by a defendant is, in and of itself, sufficient to sustain the conviction of the defendant without other proof that the defendant committed a crime if:
 - (a) The defendant is charged with:



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(1) An offense listed in NRS 179D.097;

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- (2) Driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance in violation of NRS 484C.110;
- (3) An offense that constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018; or
- (4) An offense involving the abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of an older person or a vulnerable person pursuant to NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive;
- (b) The statement or confession is made to a peace officer while the peace officer is acting in his or her official capacity; and
- (c) The court determines that there is sufficient evidence to establish the trustworthiness of the statement or confession.
- 2. In making a determination pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1, the court shall consider the following factors in addition to any other factors the court considers to be important:
- (a) Evidence that supports the facts contained in the statement or confession;
- (b) Evidence that may support the commission of a crime, which is corroborated by the facts contained in the statement or confession;
- (c) Whether the circumstances under which the statement or confession was made support the assertion that the statement or confession is trustworthy; and
 - (d) Whether the defendant is a vulnerable person.
- 3. As used in this section, "vulnerable person" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.5092.





