

(Reprinted with amendments adopted on May 27, 2021)

SECOND REPRINT

A.B. 382

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 382—ASSEMBLYMEN WATTS, BRITTNEY
MILLER, ANDERSON, CONSIDINE, NGUYEN; BILBRAY-
AXELROD, MARTINEZ, PETERS AND TORRES

MARCH 23, 2021

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to student education
loans. (BDR 55-116)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: Yes.

~

EXPLANATION – Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to student education loans; providing for the
licensing and regulation of student loan servicers by the
Commissioner of Financial Institutions; requiring student
loan servicers to pay certain assessments and fees;
authorizing and requiring the Student Loan Ombudsman
to perform certain acts; providing for the regulation of
private education loans and private education lenders by
the Commissioner; requiring the Commissioner to adopt
certain regulations; establishing certain duties and
prohibitions applicable to postsecondary educational
institutions and postsecondary vocational institutions;
providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly
relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

- 1 Existing law authorizes the Commissioner of Financial Institutions to supervise
- 2 and control various financial institutions, lenders and fiduciaries, including, without
- 3 limitation, banks, credit unions, payday lenders and trust companies. (Chapter
- 4 604A of NRS, titles 55 and 56 of NRS) **Sections 2-47** of this bill add a new chapter
- 5 to the Nevada Revised Statutes to provide for the licensing and regulation of
- 6 student loan servicers by the Commissioner as well as the regulation of private
- 7 education loans and private education lenders. **Sections 3-13** of this bill define
- 8 terms used in the new chapter. **Section 14** of this bill provides for money received
- 9 pursuant to the new chapter to be accounted for separately and used for the
- 10 regulation of student loan servicers. **Sections 15-21, 25, 41 and 42** of this bill set
- 11 forth requirements relating to the licensing of student loan servicers. In particular,



* A B 3 8 2 R 2 *

section 15 of this bill prohibits a person from acting as a student loan servicer without obtaining a license from the Commissioner to do so, and also sets forth the persons exempted from this licensure requirement. **Section 16** of this bill sets forth various requirements for applying for a license, including, without limitation, the payment of a license fee and an investigation fee and the submission of a surety bond. **Section 42** of this bill provides that all fees paid are nonrefundable. **Section 20** of this bill requires the Commissioner to issue a license to persons who engage in student loan servicing in this State only pursuant to certain contracts with the federal government without requiring those persons to comply with the standard requirements for the issuance of a license. **Section 20** of this bill: (1) requires persons who are issued such a license to comply with other relevant provisions of law; and (2) provides for the expiration of such a license not later than 37 days after the expiration, revocation or termination of the federal contract that provided the basis for the issuance of the license. **Section 21** of this bill provides for the annual expiration and renewal of a license as a student loan servicer.

Sections 22-24 and 26-30 of this bill set forth requirements governing the business practices and other actions of student loan servicers. Specifically, **section 22** of this bill sets forth requirements applicable to a licensee ceasing to engage in the business of student loan servicing in this State. **Section 23** of this bill sets forth requirements applicable to a person who provides a check or other method of payment to the Commissioner which is returned or otherwise dishonored. **Section 24** of this bill requires licensees and applicants for licenses to notify the Commissioner of any changes in certain information provided to the Commissioner. **Sections 26 and 28** of this bill set forth requirements concerning business names, business locations and recordkeeping relating to student loan servicers and student education loans. **Section 29** of this bill prohibits a student loan servicer from engaging in specified conduct, including, without limitation, engaging in unfair or deceptive practices, knowingly misapplying payments, negligently making certain false statements or knowingly and willfully making certain omissions of material facts. **Section 30** of this bill authorizes the Student Loan Ombudsman in the Office of the State Treasurer or any member of the public to file a complaint with the Division of Financial Institutions of the Department of Business and Industry concerning the actions of a student loan servicer.

Sections 31-36.5 of this bill establish provisions for a particular type of student loan, the private education loan, and for private education loan borrowers and private education lenders. In particular, **sections 31 and 32** of this bill establish certain protections for cosigners of private education loans. **Section 32** also prohibits a private education lender from accelerating repayment of a private education loan except in cases of a default in payment. **Section 33** of this bill establishes the rights and duties of private education lenders in cases of the total and permanent disability of a private education loan borrower or his or her cosigner. **Sections 34-36** of this bill set forth requirements and prohibitions governing the business practices and other actions of private education lenders. **Section 36.5** of this bill provides that a private education lender is not exempt from any applicable licensing requirements imposed by any other specific statute.

Sections 37-40 of this bill: (1) authorize the Commissioner to conduct investigations and examinations relating to student loan servicers and student education loans; (2) require the Commissioner to conduct such investigations and examinations at least annually; (3) require licensees to pay for such investigations and examinations; (4) authorize the Commissioner to retain certain professionals and specialists, enter into certain agreements and use certain resources for the purposes of investigations and examinations; (5) describe the scope of the authority of the Commissioner with regard to investigations and examinations; and (6) prohibit a student loan servicer or other person under examination or investigation from knowingly withholding or otherwise preventing access to information relating



to the examination or investigation. Existing law requires financial institutions to pay assessments established by the Commissioner to cover the costs of certain independent audits and examinations, legal services provided by the Attorney General to the Commissioner and Division of Financial Institutions and supervision and examinations by the Commissioner or Division. (NRS 658.055, 658.098, 658.101) **Sections 37.5 and 48.5** of this bill require a licensed student loan servicer to pay those assessments.

Section 41 of this bill sets forth grounds upon which the Commissioner may deny an application for a license or suspend, revoke or refuse to renew a license.

Section 43 of this bill requires a student loan servicer to comply with certain federal laws and regulations, and deems a violation of those federal laws or regulations to be a violation of Nevada law upon which the Commissioner may act.

Sections 44, 45 and 46 of this bill establish the rights, remedies and penalties available for violations of the new chapter. **Section 45.5** of this bill provides that any books, records or other information obtained by the Division in connection with an application, complaint, audit, investigation or examination are confidential.

Section 50.5 of this bill makes a conforming change. **Section 47** of this bill requires the Commissioner to adopt regulations for the new chapter. **Section 48** of this bill makes a conforming change to indicate the proper placement of the new chapter in Nevada Revised Statutes.

Existing law establishes the duties of the Student Loan Ombudsman designated by the State Treasurer. Those duties include receiving, reviewing and attempting to resolve complaints from student loan borrowers. (NRS 226.570) **Section 49** of this bill requires the Student Loan Ombudsman to make those complaints available to the Attorney General. **Section 50** of this bill makes a conforming change to indicate the placement of **section 49** in Nevada Revised Statutes.

Section 53 of this bill prohibits postsecondary educational institutions from refusing to provide transcripts to current or former students on the grounds that the student owes a debt to the institution and imposes certain limitations on the services that may be withheld from such students. **Section 54** of this bill imposes certain requirements on postsecondary educational institutions with respect to presentation of accurate information about the institution. **Section 54** also requires postsecondary educational institutions to timely notify the Commission on Postsecondary Education within the Employment Security Division of the Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation if the institution becomes subject to an investigation by any other oversight entity. **Section 55** of this bill prohibits postsecondary educational institutions, and their agents, from engaging in certain practices in its efforts to recruit students. **Sections 52, 58 and 59** of this bill establish additional requirements on postsecondary educational institutions that primarily offer vocational education services. **Section 52** defines such institutions as postsecondary vocational institutions. **Section 58** of this bill prohibits postsecondary vocational institutions from engaging in certain unfair business practices and provides that each violation of those prohibitions is subject to a civil penalty. **Section 59** of this bill provides that the rights, remedies and penalties established for violations of the provisions concerning postsecondary educational institutions are subject to any other rights, remedies or penalties that may exist at law or in equity.

Sections 60, 61, 63 and 64 of this bill make conforming changes.



THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** Title 55 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
2 thereto a new chapter to consist of the provisions set forth as
3 sections 2 to 47, inclusive, of this act.

4 **Sec. 2.** *As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise*
5 *requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 13,*
6 *inclusive, of this act, have the meanings ascribed to them in those*
7 *sections.*

8 **Sec. 3. 1. “Control person” means:**

9 (a) *An executive officer, director, general partner, trustee,*
10 *member, qualified employee or shareholder of a student loan*
11 *servicer, licensee or applicant for a license; or*

12 (b) *A person who is authorized to participate in direct or*
13 *indirect control of the management or policies of a student loan*
14 *servicer, licensee or applicant for a license.*

15 2. *As used in this section, “executive officer” means an*
16 *officer, manager, partner or managing member of a student loan*
17 *servicer, licensee or applicant for a license. The term includes,*
18 *without limitation, a chief executive officer, president, vice*
19 *president, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, chief*
20 *legal officer, controller or compliance officer or a natural person*
21 *who holds any similar position.*

22 **Sec. 4. “Cosigner” means:**

23 1. *Any person who is liable for the obligation of another*
24 *without compensation, regardless of how the person is designated*
25 *in the contract or instrument with respect to that obligation,*
26 *including, without limitation, an obligation under a private*
27 *education loan extended to consolidate a borrower’s pre-existing*
28 *private education loans. The term includes any person whose*
29 *signature is requested as a condition to grant credit or to forbear*
30 *on collection.*

31 2. *As used in this section, the term does not include a spouse*
32 *of an individual described in subsection 1 whose signature is*
33 *needed to perfect the security interest in a loan.*

34 **Sec. 5. “License” means a license issued by the**
35 **Commissioner pursuant to this chapter.**

36 **Sec. 6. “Licensee” means a student loan servicer licensed by**
37 **the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter.**

38 **Sec. 7. 1. “Private education lender” means any person**
39 **engaged in the business of securing, making or extending private**
40 **education loans, or any holder of a private education loan.**

41 2. *To the extent that state law is not preempted by federal law,*
42 *the term does not include a:*



* A B 3 8 2 R 2 *

(a) Federally chartered bank, savings bank, savings and loan association or credit union;

(b) Wholly owned subsidiary of a federally chartered bank or credit union; or

(c) Operating subsidiary if each owner of the operating subsidiary is wholly owned by the same federally chartered bank or credit union.

Sec. 8. 1. “Private education loan” means an extension of credit that is:

(a) Extended to a consumer expressly, in whole or in part, for postsecondary educational expenses, regardless of whether the loan is provided by the educational institution that the student attends;

(b) Not made, insured or guaranteed under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1070 et seq.

2. The term does not include an:

(a) Open-end credit or any loan that is secured by real property or a dwelling; or

(b) Extension of credit in which the covered educational institution is the creditor if:

(1) The term of the extension of credit is 90 days or less; or

(2) An interest rate is not applied to the credit balance and the term of the extension of credit is 1 year or less, even if the credit is payable in more than four installments.

Sec. 9. “Private education loan borrower” means any resident of this State who has received or agreed to pay a private education loan for the borrower’s own educational expenses.

Sec. 10. “Student education loan” means any loan primarily for personal use to finance education or other school-related expenses. The term includes a private education loan.

Sec. 11. “Student loan borrower” means a:

1. Resident of this State who receives or agrees to pay a student education loan; and

2. Person who shares responsibility with such a resident for repaying the student education loan.

Sec. 12. “Student loan servicer” means any person, wherever located, responsible for the servicing of any student education loan to any student loan borrower. The term includes a licensee and a person who engages in student loan servicing without a license pursuant to subsection 2 of section 15 of this act.

Sec. 13. “Student loan servicing” or “servicing” means:

1. Receiving any scheduled periodic payments from a student loan borrower pursuant to the terms of a student education loan or any notification that a student loan borrower made such a scheduled periodic payment and applying the payments to the



1 account of a student loan borrower, as may be required pursuant
2 to the terms of a student education loan or a contract governing
3 the servicing of a student education loan;

4 2. During a period in which no payment is required on a
5 student education loan, maintaining account records for a student
6 education loan and communicating with the student loan
7 borrower on behalf of the owner of the promissory note for the
8 student education loan; or

9 3. Interacting with a student loan borrower concerning a
10 student education loan with the goal of helping the student loan
11 borrower avoid default on the student education loan or
12 facilitating the activities described in subsection 1 or 2.

13 **Sec. 14. 1. The Commissioner shall:**

14 (a) Administer and account for separately the money received
15 pursuant to this chapter.

16 (b) Use the money received pursuant to this chapter for the
17 purposes set forth in this chapter.

18 2. Any money that remains in the account at the end of the
19 fiscal year does not revert to the State General Fund, and the
20 balance of the account must be carried forward to the next fiscal
21 year.

22 3. Any interest or income earned on the money in the account
23 must be credited to the account, after deducting any applicable
24 charges. Any claims against the account must be paid as other
25 claims against the State are paid.

26 **Sec. 15. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a**
27 **person shall not act as a student loan servicer, directly or**
28 **indirectly, without first obtaining a license from the Commissioner**
29 **pursuant to this chapter.**

30 2. The following persons may act as a student loan servicer
31 without obtaining a license pursuant to this chapter:

32 (a) Any bank, savings and loan association, savings bank,
33 thrift company or credit union, whether chartered by this State,
34 another state or the Federal Government.

35 (b) Any wholly owned subsidiary of any person identified in
36 paragraph (a).

37 (c) Any operating subsidiary of any person identified in
38 paragraph (a) if each owner of the operating subsidiary is wholly
39 owned by the same person identified in paragraph (a).

40 **Sec. 16. A person may apply for a license as a student loan**
41 **servicer by submitting a written application to the Commissioner**
42 **on a form prescribed by the Commissioner. The application must**
43 **be accompanied by:**

44 1. A financial statement prepared by a certified public
45 accountant or a public accountant, the accuracy of which is sworn



1 to under oath before a notary public by the proprietor, a general
2 partner or a corporate officer or a member authorized to execute
3 such documents;

4 2. Written consent authorizing the Commissioner to conduct
5 a background investigation of the applicant and, if applicable,
6 each control person of the applicant, including, without limitation,
7 authorization to obtain:

8 (a) An independent credit report from a consumer reporting
9 agency described in section 603(f) of the Fair Credit Reporting
10 Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(f);

11 (b) A criminal history report from the Federal Bureau of
12 Investigation or any criminal history repository of any state,
13 national or international governmental agency or entity; and

14 (c) Information related to any administrative, civil or criminal
15 proceedings in any jurisdiction in which the applicant, or a
16 control person of the applicant, is or has been a party;

17 3. A complete set of fingerprints of the applicant or, if the
18 applicant is not a natural person, a complete set of fingerprints of
19 each control person of the applicant to forward to the Central
20 Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission
21 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report;

22 4. Any other information requested by the Commissioner or
23 otherwise required in connection with the evaluation and
24 investigation of the applicant's qualifications and suitability for
25 licensure;

26 5. A nonrefundable license fee of \$1,000;

27 6. A nonrefundable investigation fee of \$800; and

28 7. A surety bond in an amount determined by the
29 Commissioner.

30 **Sec. 17. 1. In addition to any other requirements set forth**
31 **in this chapter:**

32 (a) A natural person who applies for the issuance or renewal
33 of a license as a student loan servicer or, if the applicant is not a
34 natural person, each control person of the applicant, shall include
35 the social security number of the applicant or control person, as
36 applicable, in the application submitted to the Commissioner.

37 (b) A natural person who applies for the issuance or renewal
38 of a license as a student loan servicer or, if the applicant is not a
39 natural person, each control person of the applicant, shall submit
40 to the Commissioner the statement prescribed by the Division of
41 Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of Health and
42 Human Services pursuant to NRS 425.520.

43 2. The Commissioner shall include the statement required
44 pursuant to subsection 1 in:



(a) The application or any other forms that must be submitted for the issuance or renewal of the license; or

(b) A separate form prescribed by the Commissioner.

3. A license as a student loan servicer may not be issued or renewed by the Commissioner if the applicant or any control person of an applicant:

(a) Fails to submit the statement required by subsection 1; or

(b) Indicates on the statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that he or she is subject to a court order for the support of a child and is not in compliance with the order or a plan approved by the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order for the repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order.

4. If an applicant or a control person indicates on the statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that he or she is subject to a court order for the support of a child and is not in compliance with the order or a plan approved by the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order for the repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order, the Commissioner shall advise the applicant or control person, as applicable, to contact the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order to determine the actions that he or she may take to satisfy the arrearage.

5. If the Commissioner receives a copy of a court order issued pursuant to NRS 425.540 that provides for the suspension of all professional, occupational and recreational licenses, certificates and permits issued to an applicant or control person, the Commissioner shall deem that license to be suspended at the end of the 30th day after the date on which the court order was issued unless the Commissioner receives a letter issued to the applicant or control person by the district attorney or other public agency pursuant to NRS 425.550 stating that he or she has complied with the subpoena or warrant or has satisfied the arrearage pursuant to NRS 425.560.

6. The Commissioner shall reinstate a license as a student loan servicer that has been suspended by a district court pursuant to NRS 425.540 if the Commissioner receives a letter issued by the district attorney or other public agency pursuant to NRS 425.550 to the applicant or a control person of the applicant stating that the applicant or control person, as applicable, has complied with the subpoena or warrant or has satisfied the arrearage pursuant to NRS 425.560.

Sec. 18. 1. In addition to any other requirements set forth in this chapter, a natural person who applies for the issuance or renewal of a license as a student loan servicer or, if the applicant



* A B 3 8 2 R 2 *

1 is not a natural person, each control person of the applicant, shall
2 submit to the Commissioner the statement prescribed by the
3 Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of
4 Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 425.520.

5 2. The Commissioner shall include the statement required
6 pursuant to subsection 1 in:

7 (a) The application or any other forms that must be submitted
8 for the issuance or renewal of the license; or

9 (b) A separate form prescribed by the Commissioner.

10 3. A license as a student loan servicer may not be issued or
11 renewed by the Commissioner if the applicant or any control
12 person of an applicant:

13 (a) Fails to submit the statement required by subsection 1; or

14 (b) Indicates on the statement submitted pursuant to
15 subsection 1 that he or she is subject to a court order for the
16 support of a child and is not in compliance with the order or a
17 plan approved by the district attorney or other public agency
18 enforcing the order for the repayment of the amount owed
19 pursuant to the order.

20 4. If an applicant or a control person indicates on the
21 statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that he or she is
22 subject to a court order for the support of a child and is not in
23 compliance with the order or a plan approved by the district
24 attorney or other public agency enforcing the order for the
25 repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order, the
26 Commissioner shall advise the applicant or control person, as
27 applicable, to contact the district attorney or other public agency
28 enforcing the order to determine the actions that he or she may
29 take to satisfy the arrearage.

30 5. If the Commissioner receives a copy of a court order issued
31 pursuant to NRS 425.540 that provides for the suspension of all
32 professional, occupational and recreational licenses, certificates
33 and permits issued to an applicant or control person, the
34 Commissioner shall deem that license to be suspended at the end
35 of the 30th day after the date on which the court order was issued
36 unless the Commissioner receives a letter issued to the applicant
37 or control person by the district attorney or other public agency
38 pursuant to NRS 425.550 stating that he or she has complied with
39 the subpoena or warrant or has satisfied the arrearage pursuant to
40 NRS 425.560.

41 6. The Commissioner shall reinstate a license as a student
42 loan servicer that has been suspended by a district court pursuant
43 to NRS 425.540 if the Commissioner receives a letter issued by the
44 district attorney or other public agency pursuant to NRS 425.550
45 to the applicant or a control person of the applicant stating that



1 *the applicant or control person, as applicable, has complied with*
2 *the subpoena or warrant or has satisfied the arrearage pursuant to*
3 *NRS 425.560.*

4 **Sec. 19.** *Upon the filing of an application for an initial*
5 *license and the payment of the license fee and the investigation fee*
6 *and submission of the surety bond required by section 16 of this*
7 *act, the Commissioner shall investigate the financial condition*
8 *and responsibility, financial and business experience, character*
9 *and general fitness of the applicant. The Commissioner may issue*
10 *a license if the Commissioner finds that:*

11 1. *The applicant's financial condition is sound;*

12 2. *The applicant's business will be conducted honestly, fairly,*
13 *equitably, carefully and efficiently within the purposes and intent*
14 *of this chapter and in a manner commanding the confidence and*
15 *trust of the community;*

16 3. *If the applicant is:*

17 (a) *A natural person, the person is in all respects properly*
18 *qualified and of good character;*

19 (b) *A partnership, each partner is in all respects properly*
20 *qualified and of good character;*

21 (c) *A corporation or association, the president, chairperson of*
22 *the executive committee, senior officer responsible for the*
23 *corporation's business and chief financial officer or any other*
24 *person who performs similar functions as determined by the*
25 *Commissioner, each director, each trustee and each shareholder*
26 *owning 10 percent or more of each class of the securities of such*
27 *corporation is in all respects properly qualified and of good*
28 *character; or*

29 (d) *A limited liability company, each member is in all respects*
30 *properly qualified and of good character;*

31 4. *No person on behalf of the applicant knowingly has made*
32 *any incorrect statement of a material fact in the application, or in*
33 *any report or statement made pursuant to this chapter;*

34 5. *No person on behalf of the applicant knowingly has*
35 *omitted to state any material fact necessary to give the*
36 *Commissioner any information lawfully required by the*
37 *Commissioner;*

38 6. *The applicant has paid the license fee and the investigation*
39 *fee and submitted the surety bond required by section 16 of this*
40 *act; and*

41 7. *The applicant has met any other requirements set forth by*
42 *the Commissioner in regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter.*

43 **Sec. 20.** 1. *A person seeking to act as a student loan*
44 *servicer is exempt from the application procedures described in*
45 *subsections 1 to 4, inclusive, of section 16 of this act upon a*



determination by the Commissioner that the person's student loan servicing performed in this State is conducted pursuant to a contract awarded by the United States Secretary of Education pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 1087f. The Commissioner shall, by regulation, prescribe the procedure for documenting a person's eligibility for this exemption.

2. Upon payment of the fees and the submission of the surety bond required by section 16 of this act, the Commissioner shall:

(a) Issue a license to a person determined to be exempt pursuant to this section; and

(b) Deem the person to have satisfied all requirements set forth in section 16 of this act.

3. A person issued a license pursuant to this section:

(a) Is exempt from the requirements of sections 17, 18 and 19 of this act; and

(b) Shall, except to the extent that those requirements are inconsistent with federal law, comply with all other applicable provisions of this chapter, including, without limitation, the record retention requirements set forth in section 28 of this act.

4. A person issued a license pursuant to this section shall provide the Commissioner with written notice within 7 days following notification of the expiration, revocation or termination of a contract awarded by the United States Secretary of Education pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 1087f. The person has 30 days following notification to satisfy all requirements established by section 16 of this act in order to continue to act as a student loan servicer. At the expiration of the 30-day period, if the requirements have not been satisfied, the Commissioner shall immediately suspend a license granted to the person pursuant to this section.

5. With respect to student loan servicing not conducted pursuant to a contract awarded by the United States Secretary of Education pursuant to 20 U.S.C. § 1087f, nothing in this section prevents the Commissioner from issuing or filing a civil action for an order to temporarily or permanently bar a person from acting as a student loan servicer for violating applicable law.

Sec. 21. 1. A license issued pursuant to this chapter expires on December 31 of each year following its issuance, unless renewed or earlier surrendered, suspended or revoked pursuant to this chapter.

2. A licensee may renew the license by filing with the Commissioner an application containing all required documents and fees as set forth in section 16 of this act for an initial license. Such a renewal application shall be deemed to be timely filed if filed on or before November 1 of the year in which the license expires. Any renewal application filed with the Commissioner



after November 1 must be accompanied by a late fee of \$100 and, if so, such a filing also shall be deemed to be timely filed. If an application for renewal of a license is timely filed with the Commissioner pursuant to this subsection on or before the date the license expires, the license sought to be renewed continues in full force and effect until the issuance by the Commissioner of the renewed license or until the Commissioner notifies the licensee in writing of the Commissioner's refusal to issue a renewed license together with the grounds upon which such refusal is based. The Commissioner may refuse to issue a renewed license on any ground on which the Commissioner may refuse to issue an initial license.

3. Annually, on or before April 15, each licensee shall file with the Commissioner a report of operations of the licensed business for the preceding calendar year under oath and on a form prescribed by the Commissioner.

Sec. 22. 1. Not later than 15 days after a licensee ceases to engage in the business of student loan servicing in this State for any reason, including, without limitation, a business decision to terminate operations in this State, license revocation, bankruptcy or voluntary dissolution, the licensee shall provide written notice of surrender to the Commissioner and shall surrender to the Commissioner its license for each location in which the licensee has ceased to engage in such business.

2. A written notice of surrender provided pursuant to subsection 1 must identify the location where the records of the licensee will be stored and the name, address and telephone number of a natural person authorized to provide access to the records.

3. The surrender of a license does not reduce or eliminate the licensee's civil or criminal liability arising from acts or omissions occurring before the surrender of the license, including, without limitation, any administrative actions undertaken by the Commissioner to revoke or suspend a license, assess a civil penalty, order restitution or exercise any other authority provided to the Commissioner.

Sec. 23. If the Commissioner determines that a check or other method of payment which is provided to the Commissioner to pay any fee required pursuant to this chapter has been returned to the Commissioner or otherwise dishonored because the person had insufficient money or credit with the drawee or financial institution to pay the check or other method of payment or because the person stopped payment on the check or other method of payment, the Commissioner shall automatically refuse to issue, suspend or refuse to renew the license, as applicable. The



Commissioner must give the licensee reasonable advance notice of this automatic action and an opportunity for a hearing.

Sec. 24. A licensee or an applicant for a license shall notify the Commissioner, in writing, of any change in the information provided in the initial application for a license or the most recent application for renewal of such license, as applicable, not later than 10 business days after the occurrence of the event that results in such information becoming inaccurate.

Sec. 25. The Commissioner may deem an application for a license abandoned if the applicant fails to respond to any request for information required pursuant to this chapter or any regulations adopted pursuant thereto. The Commissioner shall notify the applicant, in writing, that if the applicant fails to submit such information not later than 60 days after the date on which such a request for information was made, the application shall be deemed abandoned. Any fees paid before the date an application is deemed abandoned pursuant to this section must not be refunded. Abandonment of an application pursuant to this section does not preclude the applicant from submitting a new application for a license pursuant to this chapter.

Sec. 26. A licensee shall not act as a student loan servicer or engage in student loan servicing under any other name or at any other place of business than that identified in the license. The licensee must notify the Commissioner in advance of any change of location of a place of business of the licensee. Only one place of business may be maintained under one license, but the Commissioner may issue more than one license to the same licensee upon the licensee's application for a license for each place of business. A license is not transferable or assignable.

Sec. 27. 1. Except as otherwise provided by federal law or regulation, a student loan servicer shall:

(a) Respond to any written inquiry from a student loan borrower or the representative of a student loan borrower by:

(1) Acknowledging receipt of the inquiry within 10 business days; and

(2) Providing information relating to the inquiry, and, if applicable, the action the student loan servicer will take to correct the account or an explanation of the student loan servicer's position that the student loan borrower's account is correct, within 30 business days.

(b) Inquire of a student loan borrower how to apply an overpayment to a student education loan. A student loan borrower's instruction on how to apply an overpayment to a student education loan must stay in effect for any future overpayments during the term of the student education loan unless



1 the student loan borrower provides different instructions. For the
2 purposes of this paragraph, “overpayment” means a payment on a
3 student education loan that is in excess of the monthly amount
4 due from the student loan borrower on the student education loan,
5 commonly referred to as a prepayment.

6 (c) Apply a partial payment from a student loan borrower on a
7 student education loan in a manner that minimizes late fees and
8 negative credit reporting. If there are multiple loans on a student
9 loan borrower’s account at an equal stage of delinquency, a
10 student loan servicer shall satisfy the requirements of this
11 subsection by applying the partial payment to satisfy as many
12 individual loan payments as possible on the student loan
13 borrower’s account. For purposes of this subsection, “partial
14 payment” means a payment to a student education loan account
15 that contains multiple individual loans if the payment is in an
16 amount less than the amount necessary to satisfy the outstanding
17 payment due on all loans in the student education loan account,
18 commonly referred to as an “underpayment.”

19 2. If the sale, assignment or other transfer of the servicing of
20 a student education loan results in a change in the identity of the
21 person to whom a student loan borrower is required to send
22 payments or direct any communication concerning the student
23 education loan:

24 (a) As a condition of a sale, an assignment or any other
25 transfer of the servicing of a student education loan, require the
26 new student loan servicer to honor all benefits originally
27 represented as available to the student loan borrower during the
28 repayment of the student education loan and preserve the
29 availability of those benefits, including, without limitation, any
30 benefits for which the student loan borrower has not yet qualified;

31 (b) Transfer to the new student loan servicer for the student
32 education loan all information regarding the student loan
33 borrower, the account of the student loan borrower and the
34 student education loan of the student loan borrower. The
35 information must include, without limitation, the repayment status
36 of the student loan borrower and any benefits associated with the
37 student education loan of the student loan borrower; and

38 (c) Complete the transfer of information required by
39 paragraph (b) within 45 calendar days after the sale, assignment
40 or other transfer of the servicing of the student education loan.

41 3. A student loan servicer who obtains the right to service a
42 student education loan shall adopt policies and procedures to
43 verify that the student loan servicer has received all information
44 regarding the student loan borrower, the account of the student
45 loan borrower and the student education loan of the student loan



* A B 3 8 2 R 2 *

borrower including, without limitation, the repayment status of the student loan borrower and any benefits associated with the student education loan of the student loan borrower.

4. A student loan servicer shall evaluate a student loan borrower for eligibility for an income-driven repayment program before placing the student loan borrower in forbearance or default if an income-driven repayment program is available to the student loan borrower.

Sec. 28. 1. A student loan servicer shall maintain a record of each transaction relating to a student education loan for not less than 2 years following the final payment on the student education loan or the assignment of the student education loan, whichever occurs first, or such longer period as may be required by any other provision of law.

2. Upon the request of the Commissioner, a person required to maintain records pursuant to subsection 1 shall make such records available to the Commissioner, or send the records to the Commissioner, in the manner required by the Commissioner not later than 5 business days after requested by the Commissioner. Upon the person's request, the Commissioner may allow additional time to make the records available to the Commissioner or send the records to the Commissioner.

Sec. 29. A student loan servicer shall not:

1. Directly or indirectly employ any scheme, device or artifice to defraud or mislead a student loan borrower.

2. Engage in any unfair or deceptive practice toward any person or misrepresent or omit any material information in connection with the servicing of a student education loan, including, without limitation, misrepresenting the amount, nature or terms of any fee or payment due or claimed to be due on a student education loan, the terms and conditions of the loan agreement or the student loan borrower's obligations under the loan.

3. Obtain property by fraud or misrepresentation.

4. Knowingly misapply student education loan payments to the outstanding balance of a student education loan.

5. Knowingly or recklessly provide inaccurate information to a credit bureau in a manner which may harm a student loan borrower's creditworthiness.

6. Fail to report both the favorable and unfavorable payment history of the student loan borrower to a nationally recognized consumer credit bureau at least annually if the student loan servicer regularly reports information to a credit bureau.

7. Refuse to communicate with an authorized representative of the student loan borrower if the authorized representative:



(a) Provides a written authorization signed by the student loan borrower; and

(b) Complies with any reasonable procedures which may be adopted by the student loan servicer to verify that the representative is in fact authorized to act on behalf of the student loan borrower.

8. Negligently make any false statement or knowingly and willfully make any omission of a material fact in connection with any information or reports filed with a governmental agency or in connection with any investigation conducted by the Commissioner or another governmental agency.

9. Fail to respond within 15 business days to communications from the Commissioner, or within a shorter, reasonable period of time as may be requested by the Commissioner.

10. Fail to respond within 15 business days to a consumer complaint submitted to the student loan servicer by the Commissioner or the Office of the Attorney General. If necessary, the student loan servicer may request additional time to respond to the complaint, up to a maximum of 45 business days, provided that the request is accompanied by an explanation of why additional time is reasonable and necessary.

11. Engage in abusive acts or practices when servicing a student loan in this State. An act or practice is abusive in connection with the servicing of a student loan if that act or practice does either of the following:

(a) Materially interferes with the ability of a student loan borrower to understand a term or condition of a student loan; or

(b) Takes unreasonable advantage of any of the following:

(1) A lack of understanding on the part of a student loan borrower of the material risks, costs or conditions of the student loan;

(2) The inability of a student loan borrower to protect the interests of the student loan borrower when selecting or using a student loan or feature, term or condition of a student loan; or

(3) The reasonable reliance by the student loan borrower on a person engaged in servicing a student loan to act in the interests of the student loan borrower.

Sec. 30. 1. The Student Loan Ombudsman designated pursuant to NRS 226.560 or a member of the public may submit a complaint concerning a student loan servicer to the Commissioner for investigation pursuant to section 37 of this act.

2. The Division of Financial Institutions shall share a complaint submitted pursuant to this section with the Office of the Attorney General in accordance with section 49 of this act.



Sec. 31. 1. *Before the extension of a private education loan that requires a cosigner, a private education lender shall deliver to the cosigner information concerning, without limitation:*

(a) How the private education loan obligation will appear on the cosigner's credit;

(b) How the cosigner will be notified if the private education loan becomes delinquent;

(c) How the cosigner can cure a delinquency in order to avoid negative credit furnishing and loss of cosigner release eligibility; and

(d) Eligibility of the cosigner to be released from his or her obligation on the private education loan, including, without limitation, the number of on-time payments and any other criteria required to approve the release of the cosigner from his or her obligation on the private education loan.

2. *For any private education loan that obligates a cosigner, a private education lender shall provide the private education loan borrower and the cosigner an annual written notice containing information about the release of the cosigner from his or her obligation on the private education loan, including, without limitation:*

(a) Any administrative, non-judgmental criteria the private education lender requires to approve the release of the cosigner from the private education loan obligation; and

(b) The process for applying for cosigner release.

3. *If the private education loan borrower has met the applicable payment requirements to be eligible for cosigner release, the private education lender shall send the private education loan borrower and the cosigner a written notification by mail and by electronic mail, if the private education loan borrower or cosigner has elected to receive electronic communications from the private education lender, informing the private education loan borrower and cosigner that the payment requirement to be eligible for cosigner release have been met. The notification must also include information about any additional criteria to qualify for cosigner release and the procedure to apply for cosigner release.*

4. *A private education lender shall provide written notice to a private education loan borrower who applies for cosigner release but whose application is incomplete. The written notice shall include a description of the information needed to consider the application complete and the date by which the applicant must furnish the missing information.*

5. *Within 30 days after a private education loan borrower submits a completed application for cosigner release, the private education lender shall send the private education loan borrower*



* A B 3 8 2 R 2 *

1 and cosigner a written notice that informs the private education
2 loan borrower and cosigner whether the cosigner release
3 application has been approved or denied. If the private education
4 lender denies a request for cosigner release, the private education
5 loan borrower may request any documents or information used in
6 the determination, including, without limitation, the credit score
7 threshold used by the private education lender, the private
8 education loan borrower's consumer credit report, the private
9 education loan borrower's credit score and any other documents
10 specific to the private education loan borrower. The private
11 education lender shall also provide any notices of adverse action
12 required under applicable federal law if the denial is based in
13 whole or in part on any information contained in a consumer
14 credit report.

15 6. In response to a written or oral request for cosigner
16 release, a private education lender shall provide the information
17 described in subsection 2.

18 7. A private education lender shall not impose any restriction
19 that permanently bars a private education loan borrower from
20 qualifying for cosigner release, including, without limitation,
21 restricting the number of times a private education loan borrower
22 may apply for cosigner release.

23 8. A private education lender shall not impose any negative
24 consequences on any private education loan borrower or cosigner
25 during the 60 days following the issuance of the notice provided
26 pursuant to subsection 4 or until the private education lender
27 makes a final determination about a private education loan
28 borrower's cosigner application for release. For the purposes of
29 this subsection, "negative consequences" includes, without
30 limitation, the imposition of additional eligibility criteria, negative
31 credit reporting, lost eligibility for cosigner release, late fees,
32 interest capitalization or other financial injury.

33 9. A private education lender shall not require more than 12
34 consecutive, on-time payments as criteria for cosigner release. Any
35 private education loan borrower who has paid the equivalent of 12
36 months of principal and interest payments within any 12-month
37 period shall be deemed to have satisfied the consecutive, on-time
38 payment requirement, even if the private education loan borrower
39 has not made payments monthly during the 12-month period.

40 10. If a private education loan borrower or cosigner requests
41 a change in terms that restarts the count of consecutive, on-time
42 payments required for cosigner release, the private education
43 lender shall notify the private education loan borrower and
44 cosigner in writing of the impact of the change and provide the



private education loan borrower or cosigner the right to withdraw or reverse the request to avoid that impact.

11. A private education loan borrower has the right to request an appeal of a private education lender's determination to deny a request for cosigner release, and the private education lender shall permit the private education loan borrower to submit additional documentation evidencing the private education loan borrower's ability, willingness and stability to meet the payment obligations. The private education loan borrower may request review of the determination made regarding cosigner release by another employee of the private education lender.

12. A private education lender shall establish and maintain a comprehensive record management system reasonably designed to ensure the accuracy, integrity and completeness of data and other information about cosigner release applications and to ensure compliance with applicable state and federal laws, including, without limitation, the federal Equal Credit Opportunity Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1691 et seq., and the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681 et seq. This system must include the number of cosigner release applications received, the approval and denial rate and the primary reasons for any denial.

13. A private education lender shall provide a cosigner with access to all documents or records related to the cosigned private education loan that are available to the private education loan borrower.

14. If a private education lender provides electronic access to documents and records for a private education loan borrower, the private education lender shall provide equivalent electronic access to the cosigner.

Sec. 32. 1. A private education loan made on or after January 1, 2022, may not include a provision that allows the private education lender to accelerate, in whole or in part, payments on the private education loan, except in cases of payment default. A private education lender shall not place any loan or account into default or accelerate a loan for any reason, other than for payment default.

2. A private education loan made before January 1, 2022, may permit the private education lender to accelerate payments only if the promissory note or loan agreement explicitly authorizes an acceleration and only for the reasons stated in the note or agreement.

3. In the event of the death or bankruptcy of a cosigner:

(a) The private education lender must not attempt to collect against the cosigner's estate or bankruptcy estate, other than for payment default.



(b) Upon receiving notification of the death or bankruptcy of a cosigner, when the private education loan is not more than 60 days delinquent at the time of the notification, the private education lender shall not change any terms or benefits under the promissory note, repayment schedule, repayment terms or monthly payment amount or any other provision associated with the loan.

4. A private education lender shall not place any private education loan or account into default or accelerate a private education loan while a private education loan borrower is seeking a loan modification or enrollment in a flexible repayment plan, except that a private education lender may place a loan or account into default or accelerate a loan for payment default 90 days following the private education loan borrower's default.

Sec. 33. 1. A private education lender, when notified of the total and permanent disability of a private education loan borrower or cosigner, shall release any cosigner from the obligations of the cosigner under a private education loan. The private education lender shall not attempt to collect a payment from a cosigner following a notification of total and permanent disability of the private education loan borrower or cosigner.

2. A private education lender shall notify a private education loan borrower and cosigner for a private education loan if either a private education loan borrower or cosigner is released from the obligations of the private education loan under this section, within 30 days of the release.

3. A private education lender that extends a private education loan shall provide the private education loan borrower an option to designate an individual to have the legal authority to act on behalf of the private education loan borrower with respect to the loan in the event of the total and permanent disability of the private education loan borrower.

4. If a cosigner is released from the obligations of a private education loan pursuant to section 31 of this act:

(a) The private education lender shall not require the private education loan borrower to obtain another cosigner on the private education loan obligation.

(b) The private education lender shall not declare a default or accelerate the debt against the private education loan borrower on the sole basis of the release of the cosigner from the private education loan obligation.

5. A private education lender, if notified of the total and permanent disability of a private education loan borrower:

(a) Shall discharge the liability of the private education loan borrower and cosigner on the private education loan; and

(b) Shall not:



* A B 3 8 2 R 2 *

(1) Attempt to collect on the outstanding liability of the private education loan borrower or cosigner; or

(2) Monitor the disability status of the private education loan borrower at any point after the date of discharge.

6. As used in this section, “total and permanent disability” is the condition of an individual who:

(a) Has been determined by the United States Secretary of Veterans Affairs to be unemployable due to a service-connected disability; or

(b) Is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death, has lasted for a continuous period of not less than 12 months or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.

Sec. 34. 1. A private education lender shall, before offering a person a private education loan that is being used to refinance an existing private education loan, provide to the person a disclosure that informs the person that benefits and protections applicable to the existing private education loan may be lost due to the refinancing. The information must be provided on a one-page information sheet in at least 12-point font and must be written in simple, clear, understandable and easily readable language.

2. If a private education lender offers any private education loan borrower flexible repayment options in connection with a private education loan, those flexible repayment options must be made available to all private education loan borrowers of loans by the private education lender. A private education lender shall:

(a) Provide on its Internet website a description of any flexible repayment options offered by the private education lender for private education loans;

(b) Establish and consistently implement policies and procedures that facilitate the evaluation of private education loan flexible repayment option requests, including, without limitation, policies and procedures that provide accurate information regarding any private education loan flexible repayment option that:

(1) May be available to the private education loan borrower through the promissory note; or

(2) May have been marketed to the private education loan borrower through marketing materials; and

(c) If the private education lender offers flexible repayment options, consistently present and offer similar options to private education loan borrowers with similar financial circumstances; and



(d) Annually issue a letter to the private education loan borrower and cosigner that sets forth, without limitation:

(1) The total cumulative principal and interest amount of all private education loans owed by the private education loan borrower or cosigner to the private education lender;

(2) The total payoff amount of the loans listed in subparagraph (1); and

(3) Estimated monthly payment amounts if the private education loan borrower or cosigner were to enroll in a flexible repayment plan offered by the private education lender.

Sec. 35. A private education lender shall not:

1. Offer any private education loan that does not comply with the provisions of sections 31 to 34, inclusive, of this act, or that is in violation of any other state or federal law.

2. Engage in any unfair, deceptive or abusive act or practice.

3. Make a private education loan upon the security of any assignment of or order for the payment of any salary, wages, commissions or other compensation for services earned, or to be earned. No assignment or order to secure a private education loan may be taken by a private education lender in connection with a private education loan, or for the enforcement or repayment thereof. Any assignment or order taken or given to secure any loan made by any lender pursuant to sections 31 to 35, inclusive, of this act is void.

4. Make, advertise, print, display, publish, distribute, electronically transmit, telecast or broadcast in any manner any statement or representation that is false, misleading or deceptive.

Sec. 36. A private education lender shall:

1. Establish and maintain records and permit the Division of Financial Institutions to access and copy any records required to be maintained pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; and

2. Retain a loan file, including, without limitation, any record specified for retention by regulations adopted by the Commissioner, for not less than 6 years after the termination of the private education loan account.

Sec. 36.5. Sections 31 to 36.5, inclusive, of this act do not exempt a private education lender from complying with any requirement to obtain a license imposed by any other specific statute, including, without limitation, the provisions of chapter 675 of NRS. The Commissioner shall determine the particular license that a private education lender is required to obtain.

Sec. 37. In addition to any other authority provided under this title, the Commissioner may conduct investigations and examinations as follows:



1 1. For purposes of initial licensing, license renewal, license
2 suspension, license revocation or termination or general or
3 specific inquiry or investigation to determine compliance with this
4 chapter, the Commissioner may access, receive and use any books,
5 accounts, records, files, documents, information or evidence,
6 including, without limitation:

7 (a) Criminal, civil and administrative history information;

8 (b) Personal history and experience information, including,
9 without limitation, independent credit reports obtained from a
10 consumer reporting agency described in section 603(p) of the Fair
11 Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681a; and

12 (c) Any other documents, information or evidence the
13 Commissioner deems relevant to the inquiry or investigation
14 regardless of the location, possession, control or custody of such
15 documents, information or evidence.

16 2. For the purposes of investigating violations or complaints
17 arising under this chapter or for the purposes of examination, the
18 Commissioner may review, investigate or examine any student
19 loan servicer or other person subject to this chapter as often as
20 necessary in order to carry out the purposes of this chapter. The
21 Commissioner may direct, subpoena or order the attendance of
22 and examine under oath any person whose testimony may be
23 required regarding a student education loan, the business of a
24 student loan servicer or the subject matter of any examination or
25 investigation, and may direct, subpoena or order such a person to
26 produce books, accounts, records, files and any other documents
27 the Commissioner deems relevant to the inquiry.

28 3. In making any examination or investigation authorized by
29 this section, the Commissioner may control access to any
30 documents and records of a student loan servicer or other person
31 under examination or investigation. The Commissioner may take
32 possession of the documents and records or place a person in
33 exclusive charge of the documents and records in the place where
34 they are usually kept. During the period of control, a person shall
35 not remove or attempt to remove any of the documents and records
36 except pursuant to a court order or with the consent of the
37 Commissioner. Unless the Commissioner has reasonable grounds
38 to believe the documents or records of the student loan servicer or
39 other person under examination or investigation have been, or are
40 at risk of being, altered or destroyed for purposes of concealing a
41 violation of this chapter, the student loan servicer, the other
42 person under examination or investigation or the owner of the
43 documents and records must be allowed access to the documents
44 or records as necessary to conduct ordinary business affairs.



4. At least once each year, the Commissioner or his or her authorized representative shall conduct an investigation and examination of each licensee pursuant to this section.

5. In addition to the fees prescribed in section 16, if it becomes necessary to examine or investigate the books and records of a licensee pursuant to this chapter, the licensee shall be liable for and shall pay to the Commissioner, within 30 days after the presentation of an itemized statement therefor, an amount determined by the Commissioner at the rate for supervision and examination of a financial institution established and, if applicable, adjusted pursuant to NRS 658.101.

Sec. 37.5. Each licensee shall pay, in addition to any other assessment, fee or cost required pursuant to this chapter:

1. The assessment levied pursuant to NRS 658.055 to cover all the costs related to the employment by the Commissioner of a certified public accountant and the performance by the certified public accountant of independent audits and examinations; and

2. The assessment levied pursuant to NRS 658.098 to recover the cost of legal services provided by the Attorney General to the Commissioner and to the Division of Financial Institutions.

Sec. 38. To carry out the purposes of this chapter, the Commissioner may:

1. Retain attorneys, accountants or other professionals and specialists as examiners, auditors or investigators to conduct or assist in the conduct of examinations or investigations;

2. Enter into agreements or relationships with other governmental officials or regulatory associations to improve efficiency and reduce any regulatory burden by sharing resources, standardizing or making uniform any applicable methods or procedures and sharing documents, records, information or evidence obtained pursuant to this chapter;

3. Use, hire, contract or employ publicly or privately available analytical systems, methods or software to examine or investigate a student loan servicer or other person under examination or investigation;

4. Accept and rely on examination or investigation reports made by other governmental officials, within or outside this State; and

5. Accept audit reports made by an independent certified public accountant for a student loan servicer or other person under examination or investigation in the course of that part of the examination covering the same general subject matter as the audit and may incorporate the audit report in any report of examination, report of investigation or other writing of the Commissioner.



Sec. 39. *The authority of the Commissioner pursuant to this chapter with regard to a student loan servicer or other person under examination or investigation remains in effect, without regard to whether the student loan servicer or other person acts or claims to act under any other licensing or registration law of this State, or claims to act without such authority.*

Sec. 40. *A student loan servicer or other person under examination or investigation pursuant to this chapter shall not knowingly withhold, abstract, remove, mutilate, destroy or secrete any books, records, computer records or other information related to an investigation or examination pursuant to this chapter.*

Sec. 41. *The Commissioner may, as applicable, deny an application for a license issued pursuant to this chapter or suspend, revoke or refuse to renew a license issued pursuant to this chapter if the Commissioner finds that:*

1. The applicant, licensee or a control person of the applicant or licensee has violated any provision of this chapter or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto;

2. With regard to a licensee or a control person of the licensee, any fact or condition exists which, if it had existed at the time of the original application for the license, would have resulted in a denial of the application; or

3. The licensee has failed to pay, within 30 days after receiving an itemized statement or other demand for payment from the Commissioner, any assessment, fee or cost required pursuant to this chapter.

Sec. 42. *All fees paid pursuant to this chapter are nonrefundable, including, without limitation, if a license is surrendered, revoked or suspended before the expiration of the period for which it was issued.*

Sec. 43. *A student loan servicer shall comply with all applicable federal laws and regulations relating to student loan servicing, including, without limitation, the Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1601 et seq., and the regulations promulgated thereunder. In addition to any other remedies provided by law, a violation of any such federal law or regulation shall be deemed a violation of this chapter and a basis upon which the Commissioner may take action pursuant to this chapter.*

Sec. 44. *1. A person who suffers damage as a result of the failure of a student loan servicer to comply with section 43 of this act may bring an action on his or her own behalf and on behalf of a similarly situated class of persons against that student loan servicer to recover or obtain:*

(a) Actual damages, but in no case may the total award be less than \$500 per plaintiff, per violation;



- (b) *An order enjoining the methods, acts or practices;*
- (c) *Restitution of property;*
- (d) *Punitive damages;*
- (e) *Attorney's fees; and*
- (f) *Any other relief that the court deems proper.*

2. *In addition to any other remedies provided by this section or otherwise provided by law, whenever it is proven by a preponderance of the evidence that a student loan servicer has engaged in conduct that substantially interferes with a student loan borrower's right to a flexible payment arrangement, forgiveness, cancellation, discharge of a loan or any other financial benefit as established under the terms of a student loan borrower's promissory note or under the Higher Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. § 1070a et seq., and the regulations promulgated thereunder, the court shall award treble actual damages to the plaintiff, but in no case may the total award of damages be less than \$1,500 per plaintiff, per violation.*

3. *A person claiming loss in connection with tuition or fees as a result of an unfair business practice by a student loan servicer may file a complaint with the Student Loan Ombudsman designated by the State Treasurer pursuant to NRS 226.560. The complaint must set forth the alleged violation and include any information required by the Student Loan Ombudsman.*

Sec. 45. 1. *A violation of any provision of this chapter may also be a violation of chapter 598B of NRS, the Nevada Equal Credit Opportunity Law.*

2. *In addition to any other remedies provided by this section or otherwise provided by law, whenever it is proven by a preponderance of the evidence in a civil action that a person or entity that makes a student education loan, including, without limitation, a private education lender, has filed information required pursuant to this chapter that is false, the court shall award treble damages to the student loan borrower, including, without limitation, a private education loan borrower, but in no case may the total award of damages in action be less than \$1,500.*

3. *The rights, remedies and penalties provided by this chapter are cumulative and do not abrogate and are in addition to any other rights, remedies and penalties that may exist at law or in equity.*

Sec. 45.5. *Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 239.0115, any books, records, computer records or other information obtained by the Division in connection with an application, complaint, audit, investigation or examination pursuant to this chapter or in response to a subpoena are confidential and may be disclosed only to:*



1 **1. The Division, any authorized employee or representative of**
2 **the Division and any state or federal agency investigating the**
3 **activities covered under the provisions of this chapter; and**

4 **2. Any person if the Commissioner, in his or her discretion,**
5 **determines that the interests of the public that would be protected**
6 **by disclosure outweigh the interest of any person in the**
7 **confidential information not being disclosed.**

8 **Sec. 46. The Attorney General may bring an action in the**
9 **name of the people of this State to restrain or prevent any violation**
10 **of this chapter or any continuance of any such violation.**

11 **Sec. 47. The Commissioner shall adopt any regulations**
12 **necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.**

13 **Sec. 48.** NRS 657.005 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 657.005 As used in chapters 657 to 671, inclusive, of NRS,
15 **and sections 2 to 47, inclusive, of this act,** unless the context
16 otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 657.016 to
17 657.085, inclusive, have the meanings ascribed to them in those
18 sections.

19 **Sec. 48.5.** NRS 658.098 is hereby amended to read as follows:

20 658.098 1. On a quarterly or other regular basis, the
21 Commissioner shall collect an assessment pursuant to this section
22 from each:

23 (a) Check-cashing service or deferred deposit loan service that is
24 supervised pursuant to chapter 604A of NRS;

25 (b) Collection agency that is supervised pursuant to chapter 649
26 of NRS;

27 (c) Bank that is supervised pursuant to chapters 657 to 668,
28 inclusive, of NRS;

29 (d) Trust company or family trust company that is supervised
30 pursuant to chapter 669 or 669A of NRS;

31 (e) Person engaged in the business of selling or issuing checks
32 or of receiving for transmission or transmitting money or credits that
33 is supervised pursuant to chapter 671 of NRS;

34 (f) Savings and loan association or savings bank that is
35 supervised pursuant to chapter 673 of NRS;

36 (g) Person engaged in the business of lending that is supervised
37 pursuant to chapter 675 of NRS;

38 (h) Thrift company that is supervised pursuant to chapter 677 of
39 NRS; ~~and~~

40 (i) Credit union that is supervised pursuant to chapter 672 of
41 NRS ~~and~~;

42 (j) Consumer litigation funding company that is supervised
43 pursuant to chapter 604C of NRS ~~and~~; **and**

44 **(k) Student loan servicer that is supervised pursuant to the**
45 **chapter consisting of sections 2 to 47, inclusive, of this act.**



2. The Commissioner shall determine the total amount of all assessments to be collected from the entities identified in subsection 1, but that amount must not exceed the amount necessary to recover the cost of legal services provided by the Attorney General to the Commissioner and to the Division of Financial Institutions. The total amount of all assessments collected must be reduced by any amounts collected by the Commissioner from an entity for the recovery of the costs of legal services provided by the Attorney General in a specific case.

3. The Commissioner shall collect from each entity identified in subsection 1 an assessment that is based on:

(a) A portion of the total amount of all assessments as determined pursuant to subsection 2, such that the assessment collected from an entity identified in subsection 1 shall bear the same relation to the total amount of all assessments as the total assets of that entity bear to the total of all assets of all entities identified in subsection 1; or

(b) Any other reasonable basis adopted by the Commissioner.

4. The assessment required by this section is in addition to any other assessment, fee or cost required by law to be paid by an entity identified in subsection 1.

5. Money collected by the Commissioner pursuant to this section must be deposited in the State Treasury pursuant to the provisions of NRS 658.091.

Sec. 49. Chapter 226 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. The Student Loan Ombudsman shall make all complaints received pursuant to NRS 226.570 available to the Office of the Attorney General.

2. The Student Loan Ombudsman and the Attorney General shall enter into an information sharing agreement for the sharing of complaints between offices.

Sec. 50. NRS 226.500 is hereby amended to read as follows:

226.500 As used in NRS 226.500 to 226.590, inclusive, ***and section 49 of this act***, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 226.510 to 226.550, inclusive, have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

Sec. 50.5. NRS 239.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

239.010 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 1.4683, 1.4687, 1A.110, 3.2203, 41.071, 49.095, 49.293, 62D.420, 62D.440, 62E.516, 62E.620, 62H.025, 62H.030, 62H.170, 62H.220, 62H.320, 75A.100, 75A.150, 76.160, 78.152, 80.113, 81.850, 82.183, 86.246, 86.54615, 87.515, 87.5413, 87A.200, 87A.580, 87A.640, 88.3355, 88.5927, 88.6067, 88A.345, 88A.7345, 89.045, 89.251, 90.730, 91.160, 116.757, 116A.270, 116B.880,



1 118B.026, 119.260, 119.265, 119.267, 119.280, 119A.280,
2 119A.653, 119A.677, 119B.370, 119B.382, 120A.690, 125.130,
3 125B.140, 126.141, 126.161, 126.163, 126.730, 127.007, 127.057,
4 127.130, 127.140, 127.2817, 128.090, 130.312, 130.712, 136.050,
5 159.044, 159A.044, 172.075, 172.245, 176.01249, 176.015,
6 176.0625, 176.09129, 176.156, 176A.630, 178.39801, 178.4715,
7 178.5691, 179.495, 179A.070, 179A.165, 179D.160, 200.3771,
8 200.3772, 200.5095, 200.604, 202.3662, 205.4651, 209.392,
9 209.3923, 209.3925, 209.419, 209.429, 209.521, 211A.140,
10 213.010, 213.040, 213.095, 213.131, 217.105, 217.110, 217.464,
11 217.475, 218A.350, 218E.625, 218F.150, 218G.130, 218G.240,
12 218G.350, 226.300, 228.270, 228.450, 228.495, 228.570, 231.069,
13 231.1473, 233.190, 237.300, 239.0105, 239.0113, 239.014,
14 239B.030, 239B.040, 239B.050, 239C.140, 239C.210, 239C.230,
15 239C.250, 239C.270, 239C.420, 240.007, 241.020, 241.030,
16 241.039, 242.105, 244.264, 244.335, 247.540, 247.550, 247.560,
17 250.087, 250.130, 250.140, 250.150, 268.095, 268.0978, 268.490,
18 268.910, 269.174, 271A.105, 281.195, 281.805, 281A.350,
19 281A.680, 281A.685, 281A.750, 281A.755, 281A.780, 284.4068,
20 286.110, 286.118, 287.0438, 289.025, 289.080, 289.387, 289.830,
21 293.4855, 293.5002, 293.503, 293.504, 293.558, 293.5757, 293.870,
22 293.906, 293.908, 293.910, 293B.135, 293D.510, 331.110, 332.061,
23 332.351, 333.333, 333.335, 338.070, 338.1379, 338.1593, 338.1725,
24 338.1727, 348.420, 349.597, 349.775, 353.205, 353A.049,
25 353A.085, 353A.100, 353C.240, 360.240, 360.247, 360.255,
26 360.755, 361.044, 361.2242, 361.610, 365.138, 366.160, 368A.180,
27 370.257, 370.327, 372A.080, 378.290, 378.300, 379.0075, 379.008,
28 379.1495, 385A.830, 385B.100, 387.626, 387.631, 388.1455,
29 388.259, 388.501, 388.503, 388.513, 388.750, 388A.247, 388A.249,
30 391.033, 391.035, 391.0365, 391.120, 391.925, 392.029, 392.147,
31 392.264, 392.271, 392.315, 392.317, 392.325, 392.327, 392.335,
32 392.850, 393.045, 394.167, 394.16975, 394.1698, 394.447, 394.460,
33 394.465, 396.3295, 396.405, 396.525, 396.535, 396.9685,
34 398A.115, 408.3885, 408.3886, 408.3888, 408.5484, 412.153,
35 414.280, 416.070, 422.2749, 422.305, 422A.342, 422A.350,
36 425.400, 427A.1236, 427A.872, 432.028, 432.205, 432B.175,
37 432B.280, 432B.290, 432B.407, 432B.430, 432B.560, 432B.5902,
38 432C.140, 432C.150, 433.534, 433A.360, 437.145, 437.207,
39 439.4941, 439.840, 439.914, 439B.420, 439B.754, 439B.760,
40 440.170, 441A.195, 441A.220, 441A.230, 442.330, 442.395,
41 442.735, 442.774, 445A.665, 445B.570, 445B.7773, 447.345,
42 449.209, 449.245, 449.4315, 449A.112, 450.140, 450B.188,
43 453.164, 453.720, 453A.610, 453A.700, 458.055, 458.280, 459.050,
44 459.3866, 459.555, 459.7056, 459.846, 463.120, 463.15993,
45 463.240, 463.3403, 463.3407, 463.790, 467.1005, 480.535, 480.545,



1 480.935, 480.940, 481.063, 481.091, 481.093, 482.170, 482.5536,
2 483.340, 483.363, 483.575, 483.659, 483.800, 484A.469, 484E.070,
3 485.316, 501.344, 503.452, 522.040, 534A.031, 561.285, 571.160,
4 584.655, 587.877, 598.0964, 598.098, 598A.110, 599B.090,
5 603.070, 603A.210, 604A.303, 604A.710, 612.265, 616B.012,
6 616B.015, 616B.315, 616B.350, 618.341, 618.425, 622.238,
7 622.310, 623.131, 623A.137, 624.110, 624.265, 624.327, 625.425,
8 625A.185, 628.418, 628B.230, 628B.760, 629.047, 629.069,
9 630.133, 630.2673, 630.30665, 630.336, 630A.555, 631.368,
10 632.121, 632.125, 632.3415, 632.405, 633.283, 633.301, 633.4715,
11 633.524, 634.055, 634.214, 634A.185, 635.158, 636.107, 637.085,
12 637B.288, 638.087, 638.089, 639.2485, 639.570, 640.075,
13 640A.220, 640B.730, 640C.580, 640C.600, 640C.620, 640C.745,
14 640C.760, 640D.190, 640E.340, 641.090, 641.221, 641.325,
15 641A.191, 641A.262, 641A.289, 641B.170, 641B.282, 641B.460,
16 641C.760, 641C.800, 642.524, 643.189, 644A.870, 645.180,
17 645.625, 645A.050, 645A.082, 645B.060, 645B.092, 645C.220,
18 645C.225, 645D.130, 645D.135, 645G.510, 645H.320, 645H.330,
19 647.0945, 647.0947, 648.033, 648.197, 649.065, 649.067, 652.228,
20 653.900, 654.110, 656.105, 657A.510, 661.115, 665.130, 665.133,
21 669.275, 669.285, 669A.310, 671.170, 673.450, 673.480, 675.380,
22 676A.340, 676A.370, 677.243, *section 45.5 of this act*, 678A.470,
23 678C.710, 678C.800, 679B.122, 679B.124, 679B.152, 679B.159,
24 679B.190, 679B.285, 679B.690, 680A.270, 681A.440, 681B.260,
25 681B.410, 681B.540, 683A.0873, 685A.077, 686A.289, 686B.170,
26 686C.306, 687A.110, 687A.115, 687C.010, 688C.230, 688C.480,
27 688C.490, 689A.696, 692A.117, 692C.190, 692C.3507, 692C.3536,
28 692C.3538, 692C.354, 692C.420, 693A.480, 693A.615, 696B.550,
29 696C.120, 703.196, 704B.325, 706.1725, 706A.230, 710.159,
30 711.600, sections 35, 38 and 41 of chapter 478, Statutes of Nevada
31 2011 and section 2 of chapter 391, Statutes of Nevada 2013 and
32 unless otherwise declared by law to be confidential, all public books
33 and public records of a governmental entity must be open at all
34 times during office hours to inspection by any person, and may be
35 fully copied or an abstract or memorandum may be prepared from
36 those public books and public records. Any such copies, abstracts or
37 memoranda may be used to supply the general public with copies,
38 abstracts or memoranda of the records or may be used in any other
39 way to the advantage of the governmental entity or of the general
40 public. This section does not supersede or in any manner affect the
41 federal laws governing copyrights or enlarge, diminish or affect in
42 any other manner the rights of a person in any written book or
43 record which is copyrighted pursuant to federal law.

44 2. A governmental entity may not reject a book or record
45 which is copyrighted solely because it is copyrighted.



3. A governmental entity that has legal custody or control of a public book or record shall not deny a request made pursuant to subsection 1 to inspect or copy or receive a copy of a public book or record on the basis that the requested public book or record contains information that is confidential if the governmental entity can redact, delete, conceal or separate, including, without limitation, electronically, the confidential information from the information included in the public book or record that is not otherwise confidential.

4. If requested, a governmental entity shall provide a copy of a public record in an electronic format by means of an electronic medium. Nothing in this subsection requires a governmental entity to provide a copy of a public record in an electronic format or by means of an electronic medium if:

(a) The public record:

(1) Was not created or prepared in an electronic format; and

(2) Is not available in an electronic format; or

(b) Providing the public record in an electronic format or by means of an electronic medium would:

(1) Give access to proprietary software; or

(2) Require the production of information that is confidential and that cannot be redacted, deleted, concealed or separated from information that is not otherwise confidential.

5. An officer, employee or agent of a governmental entity who has legal custody or control of a public record:

(a) Shall not refuse to provide a copy of that public record in the medium that is requested because the officer, employee or agent has already prepared or would prefer to provide the copy in a different medium.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 239.030, shall, upon request, prepare the copy of the public record and shall not require the person who has requested the copy to prepare the copy himself or herself.

Sec. 51. Chapter 394 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 52 to 59, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 52. *“Postsecondary vocational institution” means a postsecondary educational institution that offers postsecondary education that does not result in a student earning a degree at a college or university and that is primarily for the purpose of instructing, training or preparing persons for a vocation or profession.*

Sec. 53. *1. Notwithstanding any provision of law, a postsecondary educational institution shall not:*



(a) Refuse to provide a transcript for a current or former student on the grounds that the student owes a debt;

(b) Condition the provision of a transcript on the payment of a debt, other than a fee charged to provide the transcript;

(c) Charge a higher fee for obtaining a transcript, or provide less favorable treatment of a transcript request because a student owes a debt; or

(d) Use transcript issuance as a tool for debt collection.

2. A postsecondary educational institution shall adopt policies and rules providing for:

(a) The withholding of institutional services from students or former students who have been notified in writing at the student's or former student's last known address that they are in default on a loan or loans under the Federal Family Education Loan Program, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1071 to 1087-4, inclusive.

(b) The services otherwise withheld may be provided during a period when the facts are in dispute or when the student or former student demonstrates to the governing board of the postsecondary educational institution and the appropriate entity or its designee, that reasonable progress has been made to repay the loan or that there exists a reasonable justification for the delay as determined by the postsecondary educational institution. The policies and rules must specify the services that may be withheld from the student, including, without limitation:

(1) The provision of grades; or

(2) The provision of a diploma or certificate.

➤ The policies and rules must not authorize the withholding of registration privileges or transcripts.

3. A guarantor, or person acting as the agent or otherwise acting under the control of the guarantor or agent, who provides information to a postsecondary educational institution pursuant to this section, shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the governing board of the postsecondary educational institution from a civil or administrative action resulting from compliance with this section if the action arises as a result of incorrect, misleading or untimely information provided to the postsecondary educational institution by the guarantor, agent, or person acting under the control of the guarantor or agent.

4. If a student transfers from one postsecondary educational institution to another within this State, the appropriate records or a copy thereof shall be transferred by the former postsecondary educational institution upon a request from the student. Any postsecondary educational institution making a transfer of these records shall notify the student of the student's right to receive a



copy of the record and the student's right to a hearing to challenge the content of the record.

5. For the purposes of this section, "default" means the failure of a borrower to make an installment payment when due, or to meet other terms of the promissory note under circumstances where the guarantee agency finds it reasonable to conclude that the borrower no longer intends to honor the obligation to repay if this failure persists:

(a) For 180 days if the loan is repayable in monthly installments; or

(b) For 240 days if the loan is repayable in installments that are less frequent than monthly.

6. As used in this section, "debt" means any money, obligation, claim or sum due or owing, or alleged to be due or owing, from a student. The term does not include the fee, if any, charged to the student for the actual costs of providing a transcript.

Sec. 54. A postsecondary educational institution authorized to operate pursuant to this chapter shall:

1. Present data about its completion rates, employment rates, loan or indebtedness metrics or its graduates' median hourly or annual earnings that is consistent with any applicable data published by the Commission or the United States Department of Education.

2. Disclose to the Commission any pending investigations by an oversight entity, including, without limitation, the nature of that investigation, within 30 days after the postsecondary educational institution's first knowledge of the investigation. For the purposes of this subsection:

(a) "Investigation" means any inquiry into possible violations of any applicable laws or accreditation standards.

(b) "Oversight entity" means:

(1) Any federal or state entity that provides financial aid to students of the institution or approves the institution for participation in a financial aid program.

(2) The Attorney General of the United States, the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Nevada or the United States Department of Justice.

(3) If applicable, any regulator that approves the operation of the postsecondary vocational institution.

(4) The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau or the Securities and Exchange Commission.

(5) Any accrediting agency.

Sec. 55. A postsecondary educational institution or its agent shall not:



1 1. Provide a prospective student with any testimonial,
2 endorsement or other information that a reasonable person would
3 find is likely to mislead or deceive prospective students or the
4 public regarding current practices of the school, current
5 conditions for employment opportunities, post-graduation
6 employment by industry, probable earnings in the occupation for
7 which the education was designed, the likelihood of obtaining
8 financial aid or low-interest loans for tuition or the ability of
9 graduates to repay loans;

10 2. Use any official United States military logo in advertising
11 or promotional materials; or

12 3. Engage in any practice regarding the sale of, or inducing
13 students to obtain, specific consumer student loan products to
14 fund education that provides a financial benefit to any person or
15 entity that has an ownership interest in the postsecondary
16 educational institution, unless the postsecondary educational
17 institution can demonstrate to the Commission that the student
18 has exhausted all federal aid options and has been denied
19 noninstitutional private commercial loan products. The
20 prohibition in this subsection applies to any postsecondary
21 educational institution authorized to operate by the Commission,
22 and any agent of the postsecondary educational institution, that
23 has not less than 150 students enrolled in this State in any given
24 year, or that has been operating in the State for less than 2
25 consecutive years. For the purposes of this subsection:

26 (a) "Agent" means any employee, officer or contractor
27 working on behalf of the postsecondary educational institution.

28 (b) "Financial benefit" does not include merely having an
29 interest in students with loans enrolling in the postsecondary
30 educational institution or assisting students with financial aid
31 matters.

32 Sec. 56. (Deleted by amendment.)

33 Sec. 57. (Deleted by amendment.)

34 Sec. 58. 1. A postsecondary vocational institution or an
35 agent shall not engage in an unfair business practice, including,
36 without limitation:

37 (a) Failing to comply with the terms of a student enrollment
38 contract or agreement;

39 (b) Using an enrollment contract form, catalog, brochure or
40 similar written material affecting the terms and conditions of
41 student enrollment other than that previously submitted to the
42 Commission and authorized for use;

43 (c) Advertising in the "help wanted" section of a newspaper or
44 otherwise represent falsely, directly or by implication, that the
45 postsecondary vocational institution is an employment agency, is



1 making an offer of employment or otherwise is attempting to
2 conceal the fact that what is being represented are course
3 offerings of a postsecondary vocational institution;

4 (d) Representing falsely, directly or by implication, that an
5 educational program is approved by a particular industry or that
6 successful completion of the program qualifies a student for
7 admission to a labor union or similar organization or for the
8 receipt of a state license in any business, occupation or profession;

9 (e) Representing falsely, directly or by implication, that a
10 student who successfully completes a course or program of
11 instruction may transfer credit for the course or program to any
12 institution of higher education;

13 (f) Representing falsely, directly or by implication, in
14 advertising or in any other manner the postsecondary vocational
15 institution's size, location, facilities, equipment, faculty
16 qualifications, number of faculty or the extent or nature of any
17 approval received from an accrediting association;

18 (g) Representing falsely, directly or by implication, the
19 probable total cost to obtain a diploma or certificate;

20 (h) Representing that the postsecondary vocational institution
21 is approved, recommended or endorsed by the State or the
22 Commission, except the fact that the postsecondary vocational
23 institution is licensed to operate pursuant to this chapter may be
24 stated if true;

25 (i) Providing a prospective student with:

26 (1) Any testimonial, endorsement or other information that
27 a reasonable person would find likely to mislead or deceive
28 prospective students or the public, including, without limitation,
29 those regarding current practices of the postsecondary vocational
30 institution;

31 (2) Information regarding rates of completion or post-
32 graduation employment, or its graduates' median hourly or
33 annual earnings, that is not consistent with any applicable data
34 published by the Commission or the United States Department of
35 Education;

36 (3) Current conditions for employment opportunities;

37 (4) Post-graduation employment by industry or probable
38 earnings in the occupation for which the education was designed;

39 (5) The acceptance of a diploma or certificate by employers
40 as a qualification for employment;

41 (6) The acceptance of courses, a diploma or a certificate by
42 any institution of higher education;

43 (7) The likelihood of obtaining financial aid or low-interest
44 loans for tuition; and

45 (8) The ability of graduates to repay loans;



(j) Designating or referring to a sales or admissions representative as a “counselor,” an “advisor” or a similar term that may have the tendency to mislead or deceive a prospective student or the public regarding the authority or qualifications of the sales representative;

(k) Making or causing to be made any statement or representation in connection with the offering of education if the postsecondary vocational institution or agent knows or reasonably should have known the statement or representation to be false, substantially inaccurate or misleading;

(l) Engaging in methods of advertising, sales, collection, credit or other business practices that are false, deceptive, misleading or unfair, as determined by the Commission;

(m) Attempting to recruit students in or within 40 feet of a building that contains a welfare or unemployment office;

(n) If applicable, violating subsection 3 of section 55 of this act regarding the sale of, or inducing students to obtain, a specific consumer student loan product; and

(o) Using an official United States military logo in advertising or promotional materials.

➔ As used in this subsection, “recruiting” includes, without limitation, canvassing and surveying. The term does not include leaving materials at or near an office for a person to pick up of his or her own accord or handing a brochure or leaflet to a person provided that no attempt is made to obtain a name, address, telephone number or other data or to otherwise actively pursue the enrollment of the prospective student.

2. The Commission may deny, revoke or suspend the license of any postsecondary vocational institution or agent that is found to have engaged in repeated unfair business practices or that has engaged in significant unfair business practices, as determined by the Administrator.

3. A postsecondary vocational institution or agent that violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$100 for each separate violation. Each day on which a violation occurs constitutes a separate violation. Multiple violations on a single day may be considered separate violations. The civil penalty may be imposed by the Commission or in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 59. The rights, remedies and penalties provided by sections 51 to 58, inclusive, of this act are cumulative and do not abrogate and are in addition to any other rights, remedies and penalties that may exist at law or in equity.



1 **Sec. 60.** NRS 394.005 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 394.005 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
3 requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 394.006 to 394.112,
4 inclusive, *and section 52 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to
5 them in those sections.

6 **Sec. 61.** NRS 394.099 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 394.099 1. "Postsecondary educational institution" means an
8 academic, vocational, technical, home study, business, professional
9 or other school, college or university that is privately owned, or any
10 person offering postsecondary education if he or she:

11 ~~{1-}~~ (a) Is not licensed as a postsecondary educational
12 institution in this state by a federal or another state agency;

13 ~~{2-}~~ (b) Charges tuition, requires or requests donations or
14 receives any consideration from a student for any portion of the
15 instruction, including written or audiovisual material;

16 ~~{3-}~~ (c) Educates or trains persons who are not his or her
17 employees; and

18 ~~{4-}~~ (d) Educates or trains, or claims or offers to educate or
19 train, students in a program leading toward:

20 ~~{(a)}~~ (1) Employment at a beginning or advanced level;

21 ~~{(b)}~~ (2) Educational credentials;

22 ~~{(c)}~~ (3) Credits that are intended to be applied toward an
23 educational credential awarded in another state which does not
24 require the person to obtain a majority of the credits required in that
25 state; or

26 ~~{(d)}~~ (4) Preparation for examinations for initial licensing in a
27 profession or vocation.

28 ~~{-}~~

29 2. The term includes a ~~{branch}~~ :

30 (a) *Postsecondary vocational institution; and*

31 (b) *Branch* or extension of a public or private postsecondary
32 educational institution of another state that is located in this state or
33 which offers educational services or education in this state.

34 3. The term does not include an institution or person offering
35 only educational services or programs at the introductory level on
36 the use of computer software to persons who have purchased that
37 software from the institution or person.

38 **Sec. 62.** (Deleted by amendment.)

39 **Sec. 63.** NRS 394.570 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40 394.570 Funds to carry out the provisions of NRS 394.201 to
41 394.610, inclusive, *and sections 52 to 59, inclusive, of this act* shall
42 be provided by legislative appropriation from the General Fund, and
43 shall be paid out on claims as other claims against the State are paid.



Sec. 64. NRS 394.610 is hereby amended to read as follows:

394.610 Unless a specific penalty is otherwise provided, a person who willfully violates the provisions of NRS 394.005 to 394.560, inclusive, *and 52 to 59, inclusive, of this act* is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. Each day's failure to comply with the provisions of these sections is a separate offense.

Sec. 65. As soon as practicable after January 1, 2022, the Student Loan Ombudsman designated by the State Treasurer pursuant to NRS 226.560 and the Attorney General shall enter into the information sharing agreement required by section 49 of this act.

Sec. 66. The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.

Sec. 67. 1. This section becomes effective upon passage and approval.

2. Sections 1 to 17, inclusive, and 19 to 66, inclusive, of this act become effective:

(a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting regulations and performing any other preparatory administrative tasks necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and

(b) On January 1, 2022, for all other purposes.

3. Section 18 of this act becomes effective on the date on which the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 666 requiring each state to establish procedures under which the state has authority to withhold or suspend, or to restrict the use of professional, occupational and recreational licenses of persons who:

(a) Have failed to comply with a subpoena or warrant relating to a proceeding to determine the paternity of a child or to establish or enforce an obligation for the support of a child; or

(b) Are in arrears in the payment for the support of one or more children,

↪ are repealed by the Congress of the United States.

4. Section 17 of this act expires by limitation on the date on which the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 666 requiring each state to establish procedures under which the state has authority to withhold or suspend, or to restrict the use of professional, occupational and recreational licenses of persons who:

(a) Have failed to comply with a subpoena or warrant relating to a proceeding to determine the paternity of a child or to establish or enforce an obligation for the support of a child; or

(b) Are in arrears in the payment for the support of one or more children,

↪ are repealed by the Congress of the United States.

