

Amendment No. 149

Senate Amendment to Senate Bill No. 139
(BDR 57-54)

Proposed by: Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor

Amends: Summary: No Title: No Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes

Adoption of this amendment will MAINTAIN the unfunded mandate not requested by the affected local government to S.B. 139 (§§ 13, 14).

ASSEMBLY ACTION				Initial and Date	SENATE ACTION				Initial and Date
Adopted	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lost	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Adopted	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lost	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
Concurred In	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Concurred In	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
Receded	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Receded	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of green bold underlining is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) ~~red-strikethrough~~ is deleted language in the original bill; (4) ~~purple double strikethrough~~ is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) orange double underlining is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

SRF/EWR



Date: 4/15/2021

S.B. No. 139—Requires certain health insurance to cover treatment of certain conditions relating to gender dysphoria. (BDR 57-54)



SENATE BILL NO. 139—SENATORS SCHEIBLE AND D. HARRIS

FEBRUARY 22, 2021

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Requires certain health insurance to cover treatment of certain conditions relating to gender dysphoria. (BDR 57-54)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.
Effect on the State: Yes.

CONTAINS UNFUNDED MANDATE (§§ 13, 14)
(NOT REQUESTED BY AFFECTED LOCAL GOVERNMENT)

~

EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to insurance; requiring certain health insurance to include coverage for the treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires public and private policies of health insurance regulated under Nevada law to include certain coverage. (NRS 287.010, 287.04335, 422.2712-422.27241, 689A.04033-689A.0465, 689B.0303-689B.0379, 689C.1655-689C.169, 689C.194, 689C.1945, 689C.195, 695A.184-695A.1875, 695B.1901-695B.1948, 695C.1691-695C.176, 695G.162-695G.177) Existing law also requires employers to provide certain benefits to employees, including the coverage required for health insurers, if the employer provides health benefits for its employees. (NRS 608.1555) **Sections 1, 3, 4, 6-8, 11 and 13-15** of this bill : **(1)** require certain public and private policies of health insurance and health care plans, including Medicaid, to cover the treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development ~~and~~ ; **and (2) authorize those policies and plans to prescribe requirements that must be satisfied before the insurer will cover surgical treatment for conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development for persons who are less than 17 years of age.** **Sections 2, 5, 9, 10 and 12** of this bill make conforming changes to indicate the placement of **sections 1, 4, 8 and 15** in the Nevada Revised Statutes.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 689A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. An insurer that issues a policy of health insurance shall include in the policy coverage for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development. Such coverage must include, without limitation, coverage of

1 *medically necessary psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other*
2 *medically necessary treatment for such disorders provided by:*

- 3 (a) *Endocrinologists;*
4 (b) *Pediatric endocrinologists;*
5 (c) *Social workers;*
6 (d) *Psychiatrists;*
7 (e) *Psychologists;*
8 (f) ~~*Voice therapists;*~~

9 ~~*(g) Gynecologists;*~~
10 ~~*(h) (g) Plastic surgeons; and*~~
11 ~~*(h) (h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the*~~
12 *treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of*
13 *sexual development.*

14 2. *An insurer that issues a policy of health insurance may prescribe*
15 *requirements that must be satisfied before the insurer covers surgical treatment*
16 *of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other*
17 *disorders of sexual development for an insured who is less than 17 years of age.*
18 *Such requirements may include, without limitation, requirements that:*

19 *(a) The treatment must be recommended by a psychologist, psychiatrist or*
20 *other mental health professional;*

21 *(b) The treatment must be recommended by a physician;*

22 *(c) The insured must provide a written expression of the desire of the insured*
23 *to undergo the treatment; and*

24 *(d) A written plan for treatment that covers at least 1 year must be developed*
25 *and approved by at least two providers of health care.*

26 3. *An insurer shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that the benefits*
27 *required by subsection 1 are made available to an insured through a provider of*
28 *health care who participates in the network plan of the insurer. If, after a*
29 *reasonable effort, the insurer is unable to make such benefits available through*
30 *such a provider of health care, the insurer must cover the benefits when provided*
31 *to an insured through a provider of health care who does not participate in the*
32 *network of the plan of the insurer.*

33 ~~*3.*~~ 4. *A policy of health insurance subject to the provisions of this chapter*
34 *that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after July 1, 2021, has the*
35 *legal effect of including the coverage required by subsection 1, and any provision*
36 *of the policy that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.*

37 ~~*4.*~~ 5. *As used in this section:*

38 (a) *"Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational*
39 *or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender*
40 *identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth*
41 *which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:*

42 (1) *A marked difference between gender identity or expression and*
43 *primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex*
44 *characteristics in young adolescents.*

45 (2) *A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics*
46 *because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender*
47 *identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated*
48 *secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.*

49 (3) *A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the*
50 *gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.*

51 (4) *A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from*
52 *the sex assigned at birth.*

(5) *A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.*

(6) *A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.*

(b) *“Medically necessary” means health care services or products that a prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary and:*

(1) *Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;*

(2) *Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration;*

(3) *Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider of health care;*

(4) *Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and*

(5) *The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely provided to the patient.*

↪ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or product medically necessary.

(c) *“Network plan” means a policy of health insurance offered by an insurer under which the financing and delivery of medical care, including items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, in whole or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer. The term does not include an arrangement for the financing of premiums.*

(d) *“Provider of health care” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.*

Sec. 2. NRS 689A.330 is hereby amended to read as follows:

689A.330 If any policy is issued by a domestic insurer for delivery to a person residing in another state, and if the insurance commissioner or corresponding public officer of that other state has informed the Commissioner that the policy is not subject to approval or disapproval by that officer, the Commissioner may by ruling require that the policy meet the standards set forth in NRS 689A.030 to 689A.320, inclusive ~~(f)~~, *and section 1 of this act.*

Sec. 3. Chapter 689B of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. An insurer that issues a policy of group health insurance shall include in the policy coverage for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development. Such coverage must include, without limitation, coverage of medically necessary psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other medically necessary treatment for such disorders provided by:

(a) *Endocrinologists;*

(b) *Pediatric endocrinologists;*

(c) *Social workers;*

(d) *Psychiatrists;*

(e) *Psychologists;*

(f) ~~*Voice therapists;*~~

~~(g)~~ *Gynecologists;*

~~(h)~~ *(g) Plastic surgeons; and*

~~(i)~~ *(h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development.*

2. An insurer that issues a policy of group health insurance may prescribe requirements that must be satisfied before the insurer covers surgical treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development for an insured who is less than 17 years of age. Such requirements may include, without limitation, requirements that:

(a) The treatment must be recommended by a psychologist, psychiatrist or other mental health professional;

(b) The treatment must be recommended by a physician;

(c) The insured must provide a written expression of the desire of the insured to undergo the treatment; and

(d) A written plan for treatment that covers at least 1 year must be developed and approved by at least two providers of health care.

3. An insurer shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that the benefits required by subsection 1 are made available to an insured through a provider of health care who participates in the network plan of the insurer. If, after a reasonable effort, the insurer is unable to make such benefits available through such a provider of health care, the insurer must cover the benefits when provided to an insured through a provider of health care who does not participate in the network of the plan of the insurer.

~~3.1~~ 4. A policy of group health insurance subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after July 1, 2021, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by subsection 1, and any provision of the policy that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.

~~4.1~~ 5. As used in this section:

(a) "Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:

(1) A marked difference between gender identity or expression and primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(2) A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(3) A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.

(4) A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(5) A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(6) A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(b) "Medically necessary" means health care services or products that a prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary and:

(1) Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;

(2) Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration;

(3) Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider of health care;

(4) Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and

(5) The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely provided to the patient.

↪ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or product medically necessary.

(c) "Network plan" means a policy of group health insurance offered by an insurer under which the financing and delivery of medical care, including items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, in whole or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer. The term does not include an arrangement for the financing of premiums.

(d) "Provider of health care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.

Sec. 4. Chapter 689C of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. A carrier that issues a health benefit plan shall include in the health benefit plan coverage for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development. Such coverage must include, without limitation, coverage of medically necessary psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other medically necessary treatment for such disorders provided by:

- (a) Endocrinologists;
- (b) Pediatric endocrinologists;
- (c) Social workers;
- (d) Psychiatrists;
- (e) Psychologists;
- (f) ~~Voice therapists;~~

~~(g) Gynecologists;~~

~~(h) (g) Plastic surgeons; and~~

~~(i) (h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development.~~

2. A carrier that issues a health benefit plan may prescribe requirements that must be satisfied before the carrier covers surgical treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development for an insured who is less than 17 years of age. Such requirements may include, without limitation, requirements that:

(a) The treatment must be recommended by a psychologist, psychiatrist or other mental health professional;

(b) The treatment must be recommended by a physician;

(c) The insured must provide a written expression of the desire of the insured to undergo the treatment; and

(d) A written plan for treatment that covers at least 1 year must be developed and approved by at least two providers of health care.

3. A carrier shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that the benefits required by subsection 1 are made available to an insured through a provider of health care who participates in the network plan of the carrier. If, after a reasonable effort, the carrier is unable to make such benefits available through such a provider of health care, the carrier must cover the benefits when provided to an insured through a provider of health care who does not participate in the network of the plan of the carrier.

~~(3-4)~~ 4. A health benefit plan subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after July 1, 2021, has the legal

effect of including the coverage required by subsection 1, and any provision of the plan that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.

~~44~~ 5. As used in this section:

(a) "Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:

(1) A marked difference between gender identity or expression and primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(2) A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(3) A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.

(4) A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(5) A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(6) A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(b) "Medically necessary" means health care services or products that a prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary and:

(1) Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;

(2) Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration;

(3) Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider of health care;

(4) Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and

(5) The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely provided to the patient.

→ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or product medically necessary.

(c) "Network plan" means a health benefit plan offered by a carrier under which the financing and delivery of medical care, including items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, in whole or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the carrier. The term does not include an arrangement for the financing of premiums.

(d) "Provider of health care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.

Sec. 5. NRS 689C.425 is hereby amended to read as follows:

689C.425 A voluntary purchasing group and any contract issued to such a group pursuant to NRS 689C.360 to 689C.600, inclusive, are subject to the provisions of NRS 689C.015 to 689C.355, inclusive, and section 4 of this act, to the extent applicable and not in conflict with the express provisions of NRS 687B.408 and 689C.360 to 689C.600, inclusive.

1 **Sec. 6.** Chapter 695A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new
2 section to read as follows:

3 1. A society that issues a benefit contract shall include in the benefit
4 contract coverage for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to
5 gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual
6 development. Such coverage must include, without limitation, coverage of
7 medically necessary psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other
8 medically necessary treatment for such disorders provided by:

- 9 (a) Endocrinologists;
10 (b) Pediatric endocrinologists;
11 (c) Social workers;
12 (d) Psychiatrists;
13 (e) Psychologists;
14 (f) ~~Voice therapists;~~

15 ~~(g) Gynecologists;~~
16 ~~(h) (g) Plastic surgeons; and~~
17 ~~(i) (h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the~~
18 treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of
19 sexual development.

20 2. A society that issues a benefit contract may prescribe requirements that
21 must be satisfied before the society covers surgical treatment of conditions
22 relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual
23 development for an insured who is less than 17 years of age. Such requirements
24 may include, without limitation, requirements that:

- 25 (a) The treatment must be recommended by a psychologist, psychiatrist or
26 other mental health professional;
27 (b) The treatment must be recommended by a physician;
28 (c) The insured must provide a written expression of the desire of the insured
29 to undergo the treatment; and
30 (d) A written plan for treatment that covers at least 1 year must be developed
31 and approved by at least two providers of health care.

32 3. A society shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that the benefits
33 required by subsection 1 are made available to an insured through a provider of
34 health care who participates in the network plan of the society. If, after a
35 reasonable effort, the society is unable to make such benefits available through
36 such a provider of health care, the society must cover the benefits when provided
37 to an insured through a provider of health care who does not participate in the
38 network of the plan of the society.

39 ~~(3.)~~ 4. A benefit contract subject to the provisions of this chapter that is
40 delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after July 1, 2021, has the legal
41 effect of including the coverage required by subsection 1, and any provision of
42 the benefit contract that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.

43 ~~(4.)~~ 5. As used in this section:

44 (a) "Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational
45 or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender
46 identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth
47 which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:

48 (1) A marked difference between gender identity or expression and
49 primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex
50 characteristics in young adolescents.

51 (2) A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics
52 because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender

identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(3) A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.

(4) A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(5) A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(6) A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(b) "Medically necessary" means health care services or products that a prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary and:

(1) Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;

(2) Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration;

(3) Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider of health care;

(4) Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and

(5) The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely provided to the patient.

↪ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or product medically necessary.

(c) "Network plan" means a benefit contract offered by a society under which the financing and delivery of medical care, including items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, in whole or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the society. The term does not include an arrangement for the financing of premiums.

(d) "Provider of health care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.

Sec. 7. Chapter 695B of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. A hospital or medical services corporation that issues a policy of health insurance shall include in the policy coverage for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development. Such coverage must include, without limitation, coverage of medically necessary psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other medically necessary treatment for such disorders provided by:

(a) Endocrinologists;

(b) Pediatric endocrinologists;

(c) Social workers;

(d) Psychiatrists;

(e) Psychologists;

~~(f) Voice therapists;~~

~~(g) Gynecologists;~~

~~(h) Plastic surgeons; and~~

~~(i)~~ (h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development.

2. An hospital or medical services corporation that issues a policy of health insurance may prescribe requirements that must be satisfied before the hospital or medical services corporation covers surgical treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development for an insured who is less than 17 years of age. Such requirements may include, without limitation, requirements that:

(a) The treatment must be recommended by a psychologist, psychiatrist or other mental health professional;

(b) The treatment must be recommended by a physician;

(c) The insured must provide a written expression of the desire of the insured to undergo the treatment; and

(d) A written plan for treatment that covers at least 1 year must be developed and approved by at least two providers of health care.

3. A hospital or medical services corporation shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that the benefits required by subsection 1 are made available to an insured through a provider of health care who participates in the network plan of the hospital or medical services corporation. If, after a reasonable effort, the hospital or medical services corporation is unable to make such benefits available through such a provider of health care, the hospital or medical services corporation must cover the benefits when provided to an insured through a provider of health care who does not participate in the network of the plan of the hospital or medical services corporation.

~~3.4~~ 4. A policy of health insurance subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after July 1, 2021, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by subsection 1, and any provision of the policy that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.

~~4.4~~ 5. As used in this section:

(a) "Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:

(1) A marked difference between gender identity or expression and primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(2) A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(3) A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.

(4) A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(5) A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(6) A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(b) "Medically necessary" means health care services or products that a prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary and:

(1) Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;

(2) Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration;

(3) Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider of health care;

(4) Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and

(5) The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely provided to the patient.

↪ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or product medically necessary.

(c) "Network plan" means a policy of health insurance offered by a hospital or medical services corporation under which the financing and delivery of medical care, including items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, in whole or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the hospital or medical services corporation. The term does not include an arrangement for the financing of premiums.

(d) "Provider of health care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.

Sec. 8. Chapter 695C of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. A health maintenance organization that issues a health care plan shall include in the health care plan coverage for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development. Such coverage must include, without limitation, coverage of medically necessary psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other medically necessary treatment for such disorders provided by:

(a) Endocrinologists;

(b) Pediatric endocrinologists;

(c) Social workers;

(d) Psychiatrists;

(e) Psychologists;

~~(f) Voice therapists;~~

~~(g)}~~ Gynecologists;

~~(h)}~~ (g) Plastic surgeons; and

~~(i)}~~ (h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development.

2. A health maintenance organization that issues a health care plan may prescribe requirements that must be satisfied before the health maintenance organization covers surgical treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development for an enrollee who is less than 17 years of age. Such requirements may include, without limitation, requirements that:

(a) The treatment must be recommended by a psychologist, psychiatrist or other mental health professional;

(b) The treatment must be recommended by a physician;

(c) The enrollee must provide a written expression of the desire of the enrollee to undergo the treatment; and

(d) A written plan for treatment that covers at least 1 year must be developed and approved by at least two providers of health care.

3. A health maintenance organization shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that the benefits required by subsection 1 are made available to an enrollee through a provider of health care who participates in the network plan

1 of the health maintenance organization. If, after a reasonable effort, the health
2 maintenance organization is unable to make those benefits available through
3 such a provider of health care, the health maintenance organization must cover
4 the benefits when provided to an enrollee through a provider of health care who
5 does not participate in the network of the plan of the health maintenance
6 organization.

7 ~~3.4~~ 4. A health care plan subject to the provisions of this chapter that is
8 delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after July 1, 2021, has the legal
9 effect of including the coverage required by subsection 1, and any provision of
10 the plan that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.

11 ~~4.4~~ 5. As used in this section:

12 (a) "Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational
13 or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender
14 identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth
15 which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:

16 (1) A marked difference between gender identity or expression and
17 primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex
18 characteristics in young adolescents.

19 (2) A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics
20 because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender
21 identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated
22 secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

23 (3) A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the
24 gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.

25 (4) A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from
26 the sex assigned at birth.

27 (5) A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender
28 different from the sex assigned at birth.

29 (6) A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of
30 the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

31 (b) "Medically necessary" means health care services or products that a
32 prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or
33 treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary
34 and:

35 (1) Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical
36 practice;

37 (2) Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location
38 and duration;

39 (3) Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider
40 of health care;

41 (4) Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to
42 preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and

43 (5) The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely
44 provided to the patient.

45 ↪ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a
46 health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or
47 product medically necessary.

48 (c) "Network plan" means a health care plan offered by a health
49 maintenance organization under which the financing and delivery of medical
50 care, including items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, in
51 whole or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the
52 health maintenance organization. The term does not include an arrangement for
53 the financing of premiums.

1 *(d) "Provider of health care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.*

2 **Sec. 9.** NRS 695C.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

3 695C.050 1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or in specific
4 provisions of this title, the provisions of this title are not applicable to any health
5 maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this chapter. This
6 provision does not apply to an insurer licensed and regulated pursuant to this title
7 except with respect to its activities as a health maintenance organization authorized
8 and regulated pursuant to this chapter.

9 2. Solicitation of enrollees by a health maintenance organization granted a
10 certificate of authority, or its representatives, must not be construed to violate any
11 provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by practitioners of a healing
12 art.

13 3. Any health maintenance organization authorized under this chapter shall
14 not be deemed to be practicing medicine and is exempt from the provisions of
15 chapter 630 of NRS.

16 4. The provisions of NRS 695C.110, 695C.125, 695C.1691, 695C.1693,
17 695C.170, 695C.1703, 695C.1705, 695C.1709 to 695C.173, inclusive, 695C.1733,
18 695C.17335, 695C.1734, 695C.1751, 695C.1755, 695C.176 to 695C.200, inclusive,
19 and 695C.265 do not apply to a health maintenance organization that provides
20 health care services through managed care to recipients of Medicaid under the State
21 Plan for Medicaid or insurance pursuant to the Children's Health Insurance
22 Program pursuant to a contract with the Division of Health Care Financing and
23 Policy of the Department of Health and Human Services. This subsection does not
24 exempt a health maintenance organization from any provision of this chapter for
25 services provided pursuant to any other contract.

26 5. The provisions of NRS 695C.1694 to 695C.1698, inclusive, 695C.1701,
27 695C.1708, 695C.1728, 695C.1731, 695C.17345, 695C.1735, 695C.1745 and
28 695C.1757 *and section 8 of this act* apply to a health maintenance organization that
29 provides health care services through managed care to recipients of Medicaid under
30 the State Plan for Medicaid.

31 **Sec. 10.** NRS 695C.330 is hereby amended to read as follows:

32 695C.330 1. The Commissioner may suspend or revoke any certificate of
33 authority issued to a health maintenance organization pursuant to the provisions of
34 this chapter if the Commissioner finds that any of the following conditions exist:

35 (a) The health maintenance organization is operating significantly in
36 contravention of its basic organizational document, its health care plan or in a
37 manner contrary to that described in and reasonably inferred from any other
38 information submitted pursuant to NRS 695C.060, 695C.070 and 695C.140, unless
39 any amendments to those submissions have been filed with and approved by the
40 Commissioner;

41 (b) The health maintenance organization issues evidence of coverage or uses a
42 schedule of charges for health care services which do not comply with the
43 requirements of NRS 695C.1691 to 695C.200, inclusive, or 695C.207 ~~or~~ *or section*
44 *8 of this act;*

45 (c) The health care plan does not furnish comprehensive health care services as
46 provided for in NRS 695C.060;

47 (d) The Commissioner certifies that the health maintenance organization:

48 (1) Does not meet the requirements of subsection 1 of NRS 695C.080; or

49 (2) Is unable to fulfill its obligations to furnish health care services as
50 required under its health care plan;

51 (e) The health maintenance organization is no longer financially responsible
52 and may reasonably be expected to be unable to meet its obligations to enrollees or
53 prospective enrollees;

(f) The health maintenance organization has failed to put into effect a mechanism affording the enrollees an opportunity to participate in matters relating to the content of programs pursuant to NRS 695C.110;

(g) The health maintenance organization has failed to put into effect the system required by NRS 695C.260 for:

(1) Resolving complaints in a manner reasonably to dispose of valid complaints; and

(2) Conducting external reviews of adverse determinations that comply with the provisions of NRS 695G.241 to 695G.310, inclusive;

(h) The health maintenance organization or any person on its behalf has advertised or merchandised its services in an untrue, misrepresentative, misleading, deceptive or unfair manner;

(i) The continued operation of the health maintenance organization would be hazardous to its enrollees or creditors or to the general public;

(j) The health maintenance organization fails to provide the coverage required by NRS 695C.1691; or

(k) The health maintenance organization has otherwise failed to comply substantially with the provisions of this chapter.

2. A certificate of authority must be suspended or revoked only after compliance with the requirements of NRS 695C.340.

3. If the certificate of authority of a health maintenance organization is suspended, the health maintenance organization shall not, during the period of that suspension, enroll any additional groups or new individual contracts, unless those groups or persons were contracted for before the date of suspension.

4. If the certificate of authority of a health maintenance organization is revoked, the organization shall proceed, immediately following the effective date of the order of revocation, to wind up its affairs and shall conduct no further business except as may be essential to the orderly conclusion of the affairs of the organization. It shall engage in no further advertising or solicitation of any kind. The Commissioner may, by written order, permit such further operation of the organization as the Commissioner may find to be in the best interest of enrollees to the end that enrollees are afforded the greatest practical opportunity to obtain continuing coverage for health care.

Sec. 11. Chapter 695G of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. A managed care organization that issues a health care plan shall include in the health care plan coverage for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development. Such coverage must include, without limitation, coverage of medically necessary psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other medically necessary treatment for such disorders provided by:

(a) Endocrinologists;

(b) Pediatric endocrinologists;

(c) Social workers;

(d) Psychiatrists;

(e) Psychologists;

(f) ~~Voice therapists;~~

~~(g)~~ Gynecologists;

~~(h)~~ (g) Plastic surgeons; and

~~(i)~~ (h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development.

2. A managed care organization that issues a health care plan may prescribe requirements that must be satisfied before the managed care organization covers surgical treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development for an insured who is less than 17 years of age. Such requirements may include, without limitation, requirements that:

(a) The treatment must be recommended by a psychologist, psychiatrist or other mental health professional;

(b) The treatment must be recommended by a physician;

(c) The insured must provide a written expression of the desire of the insured to undergo the treatment; and

(d) A written plan for treatment that covers at least 1 year must be developed and approved by at least two providers of health care.

3. A managed care organization shall make a reasonable effort to ensure that the benefits required by subsection 1 are made available to an insured through a provider of health care who participates in the network plan of the managed care organization. If, after a reasonable effort, the managed care organization is unable to make such benefits available through such a provider of health care, the managed care organization must cover the benefits when provided to an insured through a provider of health care who does not participate in the network of the plan of the managed care organization.

~~3.~~ 4. A health care plan subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after July 1, 2021, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by subsection 1, and any provision of the plan that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.

~~4.~~ 5. As used in this section:

(a) "Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:

(1) A marked difference between gender identity or expression and primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(2) A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(3) A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.

(4) A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(5) A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(6) A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(b) "Medically necessary" means health care services or products that a prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary and:

(1) Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;

(2) Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration;

1 (3) *Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider*
2 *of health care;*

3 (4) *Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to*
4 *preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and*

5 (5) *The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely*
6 *provided to the patient.*

7 ↪ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a
8 health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or
9 product medically necessary.

10 (c) *“Network plan” means a health care plan offered by a managed care*
11 *organization under which the financing and delivery of medical care, including*
12 *items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, in whole or in part,*
13 *through a defined set of providers under contract with the managed care*
14 *organization. The term does not include an arrangement for the financing of*
15 *premiums.*

16 (d) *“Provider of health care” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.*

17 **Sec. 12.** NRS 232.320 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18 232.320 1. The Director:

19 (a) Shall appoint, with the consent of the Governor, administrators of the
20 divisions of the Department, who are respectively designated as follows:

21 (1) The Administrator of the Aging and Disability Services Division;

22 (2) The Administrator of the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services;

23 (3) The Administrator of the Division of Child and Family Services;

24 (4) The Administrator of the Division of Health Care Financing and
25 Policy; and

26 (5) The Administrator of the Division of Public and Behavioral Health.

27 (b) Shall administer, through the divisions of the Department, the provisions of
28 chapters 63, 424, 425, 427A, 432A to 442, inclusive, 446 to 450, inclusive, 458A
29 and 656A of NRS, NRS 127.220 to 127.310, inclusive, 422.001 to 422.410,
30 inclusive, *and section 15 of this act*, 422.580, 432.010 to 432.133, inclusive,
31 432B.6201 to 432B.626, inclusive, 444.002 to 444.430, inclusive, and 445A.010 to
32 445A.055, inclusive, and all other provisions of law relating to the functions of the
33 divisions of the Department, but is not responsible for the clinical activities of the
34 Division of Public and Behavioral Health or the professional line activities of the
35 other divisions.

36 (c) Shall administer any state program for persons with developmental
37 disabilities established pursuant to the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and
38 Bill of Rights Act of 2000, 42 U.S.C. §§ 15001 et seq.

39 (d) Shall, after considering advice from agencies of local governments and
40 nonprofit organizations which provide social services, adopt a master plan for the
41 provision of human services in this State. The Director shall revise the plan
42 biennially and deliver a copy of the plan to the Governor and the Legislature at the
43 beginning of each regular session. The plan must:

44 (1) Identify and assess the plans and programs of the Department for the
45 provision of human services, and any duplication of those services by federal, state
46 and local agencies;

47 (2) Set forth priorities for the provision of those services;

48 (3) Provide for communication and the coordination of those services
49 among nonprofit organizations, agencies of local government, the State and the
50 Federal Government;

51 (4) Identify the sources of funding for services provided by the Department
52 and the allocation of that funding;

1 (5) Set forth sufficient information to assist the Department in providing
2 those services and in the planning and budgeting for the future provision of those
3 services; and

4 (6) Contain any other information necessary for the Department to
5 communicate effectively with the Federal Government concerning demographic
6 trends, formulas for the distribution of federal money and any need for the
7 modification of programs administered by the Department.

8 (e) May, by regulation, require nonprofit organizations and state and local
9 governmental agencies to provide information regarding the programs of those
10 organizations and agencies, excluding detailed information relating to their budgets
11 and payrolls, which the Director deems necessary for the performance of the duties
12 imposed upon him or her pursuant to this section.

13 (f) Has such other powers and duties as are provided by law.

14 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Director, or the Director's
15 designee, is responsible for appointing and removing subordinate officers and
16 employees of the Department.

17 **Sec. 13.** NRS 287.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18 287.010 1. The governing body of any county, school district, municipal
19 corporation, political subdivision, public corporation or other local governmental
20 agency of the State of Nevada may:

21 (a) Adopt and carry into effect a system of group life, accident or health
22 insurance, or any combination thereof, for the benefit of its officers and employees,
23 and the dependents of officers and employees who elect to accept the insurance and
24 who, where necessary, have authorized the governing body to make deductions
25 from their compensation for the payment of premiums on the insurance.

26 (b) Purchase group policies of life, accident or health insurance, or any
27 combination thereof, for the benefit of such officers and employees, and the
28 dependents of such officers and employees, as have authorized the purchase, from
29 insurance companies authorized to transact the business of such insurance in the
30 State of Nevada, and, where necessary, deduct from the compensation of officers
31 and employees the premiums upon insurance and pay the deductions upon the
32 premiums.

33 (c) Provide group life, accident or health coverage through a self-insurance
34 reserve fund and, where necessary, deduct contributions to the maintenance of the
35 fund from the compensation of officers and employees and pay the deductions into
36 the fund. The money accumulated for this purpose through deductions from the
37 compensation of officers and employees and contributions of the governing body
38 must be maintained as an internal service fund as defined by NRS 354.543. The
39 money must be deposited in a state or national bank or credit union authorized to
40 transact business in the State of Nevada. Any independent administrator of a fund
41 created under this section is subject to the licensing requirements of chapter 683A
42 of NRS, and must be a resident of this State. Any contract with an independent
43 administrator must be approved by the Commissioner of Insurance as to the
44 reasonableness of administrative charges in relation to contributions collected and
45 benefits provided. The provisions of NRS 687B.408, 689B.030 to 689B.050,
46 inclusive, *and section 3 of this act*, 689B.287 and 689B.500 apply to coverage
47 provided pursuant to this paragraph, except that the provisions of NRS 689B.0378,
48 689B.03785 and 689B.500 only apply to coverage for active officers and
49 employees of the governing body, or the dependents of such officers and
50 employees.

51 (d) Defray part or all of the cost of maintenance of a self-insurance fund or of
52 the premiums upon insurance. The money for contributions must be budgeted for in
53 accordance with the laws governing the county, school district, municipal

corporation, political subdivision, public corporation or other local governmental agency of the State of Nevada.

2. If a school district offers group insurance to its officers and employees pursuant to this section, members of the board of trustees of the school district must not be excluded from participating in the group insurance. If the amount of the deductions from compensation required to pay for the group insurance exceeds the compensation to which a trustee is entitled, the difference must be paid by the trustee.

3. In any county in which a legal services organization exists, the governing body of the county, or of any school district, municipal corporation, political subdivision, public corporation or other local governmental agency of the State of Nevada in the county, may enter into a contract with the legal services organization pursuant to which the officers and employees of the legal services organization, and the dependents of those officers and employees, are eligible for any life, accident or health insurance provided pursuant to this section to the officers and employees, and the dependents of the officers and employees, of the county, school district, municipal corporation, political subdivision, public corporation or other local governmental agency.

4. If a contract is entered into pursuant to subsection 3, the officers and employees of the legal services organization:

(a) Shall be deemed, solely for the purposes of this section, to be officers and employees of the county, school district, municipal corporation, political subdivision, public corporation or other local governmental agency with which the legal services organization has contracted; and

(b) Must be required by the contract to pay the premiums or contributions for all insurance which they elect to accept or of which they authorize the purchase.

5. A contract that is entered into pursuant to subsection 3:

(a) Must be submitted to the Commissioner of Insurance for approval not less than 30 days before the date on which the contract is to become effective.

(b) Does not become effective unless approved by the Commissioner.

(c) Shall be deemed to be approved if not disapproved by the Commissioner within 30 days after its submission.

6. As used in this section, "legal services organization" means an organization that operates a program for legal aid and receives money pursuant to NRS 19.031.

Sec. 14. NRS 287.04335 is hereby amended to read as follows:

287.04335 If the Board provides health insurance through a plan of self-insurance, it shall comply with the provisions of NRS 687B.409, 689B.255, 695G.150, 695G.155, 695G.160, 695G.162, 695G.164, 695G.1645, 695G.1665, 695G.167, 695G.170 to 695G.174, inclusive, *and section 11 of this act*, 695G.177, 695G.200 to 695G.230, inclusive, 695G.241 to 695G.310, inclusive, and 695G.405, in the same manner as an insurer that is licensed pursuant to title 57 of NRS is required to comply with those provisions.

Sec. 15. Chapter 422 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. The Director shall include in the State Plan for Medicaid a requirement that the State, to the extent authorized by federal law, must pay the nonfederal share of expenditures incurred for the medically necessary treatment of conditions relating to gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development. Such treatment includes, without limitation, psychosocial and surgical intervention and any other medically necessary treatment for these disorders provided by:

(a) Endocrinologists;

(b) Pediatric endocrinologists;

(c) Social workers;
(d) Psychiatrists;
(e) Psychologists;
(f) ~~Voice therapists;~~
~~(g)~~ Gynecologists;
~~(h)~~ (g) Plastic surgeons; and
~~(i)~~ (h) Any other providers of medically necessary services for the treatment of gender dysphoria, gender incongruence and other disorders of sexual development.

2. As used in this section:

(a) "Gender dysphoria" means distress or impairment in social, occupational or other areas of functioning caused by a marked difference between the gender identity or expression of a person and the sex assigned to the person at birth which lasts at least 6 months and is shown by at least two of the following:

(1) A marked difference between gender identity or expression and primary or secondary sex characteristics or anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(2) A strong desire to be rid of primary or secondary sex characteristics because of a marked difference between such sex characteristics and gender identity or expression or a desire to prevent the development of anticipated secondary sex characteristics in young adolescents.

(3) A strong desire for the primary or secondary sex characteristics of the gender opposite from the sex assigned at birth.

(4) A strong desire to be of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(5) A strong desire to be treated as the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(6) A strong conviction of experiencing typical feelings and reactions of the opposite gender or a gender different from the sex assigned at birth.

(b) "Medically necessary" means health care services or products that a prudent provider of health care would provide to a patient to prevent, diagnose or treat an illness, injury or disease, or any symptoms thereof, that are necessary and:

(1) Provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice;

(2) Clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration;

(3) Not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient or provider of health care;

(4) Required to improve a specific health condition of a patient or to preserve the existing state of health of the patient; and

(5) The most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely provided to the patient.

↪ A provider of health care prescribing, ordering, recommending or approving a health care service or product does not, by itself, make that health care service or product medically necessary.

(c) "Provider of health care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.

Sec. 16. The provisions of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any additional expenses of a local government that are related to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 17. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2021.