## Amendment No. 400

Senate Amendment to Senate Bill No. 67	(BDR 28-400)							
Proposed by: Senate Committee on Government Affairs								
Amends: Summary: Yes Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No	Digest: Yes							

ASSEMBLY	'AC'	ΓΙΟΝ	Initial and Date		SENATE ACTIO	)N Init	ial and Date
Adopted		Lost			Adopted	Lost	
Concurred In		Not		l	Concurred In	Not _	
Receded		Not		l	Receded	Not	

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of **green bold underlining** is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) **red strikethrough** is deleted language in the original bill; (4) **purple double strikethrough** is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) **orange double underlining** is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

KRO/EGO : 1 Date: 4/19/2021

S.B. No. 67—Revises provisions relating to public works. (BDR 28-400)

## SENATE BILL NO. 67-COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

(ON BEHALF OF CLARK COUNTY)

Prefiled November 18, 2020

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to Creates a pilot program to gather data on the use of job order contracts for certain public

works. (BDR [28-400)] S-400)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets fomitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to public works; creating a pilot program to gather data on the use of job order contracts for certain public works in Clark County, the City of Henderson, the City of Las Vegas, the City of North Las Vegas and the Clark County Water Reclamation District; temporarily authorizing [a public body] the governing bodies of those entities to enter into a job order contract for the maintenance, repair, alteration, demolition, renovation, remediation or minor construction of a public work; prescribing the procedure for awarding a job order contract; making certain documents and other information submitted by a person seeking a job order contract confidential until a contract is awarded; prescribing responsibilities of a contractor who enters into a job order contract; revising provisions relating to the expedited process by which the State or a local government solicits bids and awards contracts for certain smaller public works projects or completes such projects itself; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law prescribes general procedures for awarding a contract for a public work. (Chapter 338 of NRS) Existing law also authorizes a local government to comply with alternative procedures for awarding a contract for a public work. (NRS 338.1373) [Section 2] Sections 1 and 15 of this bill establish a 4-year pilot program to gather data on the use of job order contracts for certain public works in Clark County, the City of Henderson, the City of Las Vegas, the City of North Las Vegas and the Clark County Water Reclamation District. As part of that pilot program, section 7 of this bill [creates a new alternative procedure for awarding a contract for a public work by authorizing] authorizes a public body to enter into job order contracts for the maintenance, repair, alteration, demolition, renovation, remediation or minor construction of a public work. Section [2] requires such] 3 of this bill defines "public body" for purposes of this authorization to

mean Clark County, the City of Henderson, the City of Las Vegas, the City of North Las Vegas and the Clark County Water Reclamation District. Section 6 of this bill provides that any requirement prescribed by provisions governing public works for a contract for a public work for which the estimated cost for the public work is the same as the estimated cost for the job order contract applies to a job order contract, including certain requirements relating to the use of apprentices and the payment of prevailing wages. Section 7 of this bill requires a job order contract to be for a fixed period and provide for indefinite types and quantities of work and delivery times. Section [2] 7 also: (1) provides that a job order contract must not be for work exclusive to one trade for which a license as a specialty contractor is required; and (2) limits the total dollar amount of job order contracts that may be awarded annually by each public body. [Section 11 of this bill makes a conforming change as a result of this additional authority for a local government to use job order contracting to award a contract for a public work.]

Section [3] 8 of this bill prescribes the qualifications a contractor who wishes to enter into a job order contract must meet. Section [4] 9 of this bill requires a public body or its authorized representative to advertise requests for proposals or similar solicitation documents for job order contracts. Section [4] 9 also prescribes: (1) the contents of such advertisements [4] or similar solicitation documents; and (2) requirements for proposals. [Sections 5 and 15] Section 10 of this bill [make] makes any document or other information submitted to a public body in response to a request for proposals or similar solicitation document for a job order contract confidential and [prohibit] prohibits the disclosure of any such document or information until notice of intent to award the contract is [awarded.] issued.

Section [6] 11 of this bill prescribes the method for selecting a contractor for a job order contract. Specifically, section [6] 11 requires a public body or its authorized representative to appoint a panel to rank the proposals submitted in response to the request for proposals and award a job order contract to one or more applicants. Section [6] 11 limits the initial term of a job order contract to 2 years and authorizes a public body to renew a job order contract for not more than [3 years] 1 year after the expiration of the initial term of the job order contract [4] or such other period of time as is necessary to complete any outstanding job order issued before the expiration of the initial contract, whichever is sooner.

Section [7] 12 of this bill prescribes certain responsibilities of a contractor who enters into a job order contract relating to contracting for the services of a subcontractor, supplier or independent contractor. Section [7] 12 also prohibits a contractor who enters into a job order contract from performing more than 50 percent of the estimated cost of a work order himself or herself, or using his or her own employees. [unless the contractor is able to demonstrate to the public body that the contractor or his or her employees have performed recent similar work.]

Section [2] 9 requires a job order contract to provide for the use of [work] job orders, which are defined in section [40] 3 of this bill as an order issued for a definite scope of work to be performed pursuant to a job order contract. Section [8] 13 of this bill [prescribes certain requirements for a] requires a contractor to submit a list of each subcontractor whom the contractor intends to engage before performing any work required by a job order. [and requires the approval of the governing body of a public body for any work order for which the estimated cost exceeds \$1,000,000.] Section [9] 14 of this bill requires a public body to submit a quarterly report for the pilot program that contains certain information relating to [work orders to the governing body of the public body on or before the end of each contract year of the job order contract.

Existing law provides for an expedited process by which the State or a local government solicits bids and awards contracts for certain public works projects for which the estimated cost is \$100,000 or less to properly licensed contractors or completes such projects itself. (NRS 338.1386) Section 12 of this bill increases, from \$100,000 to \$250,000, the estimated cost of a public work eligible for this expedited process. Sections 13 and 14 of this bill make conforming changes to reflect the increase in the estimated cost of a public work eligible for the expedited process.] job order contracts to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau. Section 15 of this bill expires this bill by limitation on June 30, 2025.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Delete existing sections 1 through 15 of this bill and replace with the following new sections 1 through 15:

Section 1. 1. The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:

- (a) It is in the best interest of the State to ensure that contracting and bidding procedures for public works in this State are efficient and cost effective.
- (b) The procedures for awarding a contract for a public work authorized by existing law may create barriers to the efficient and cost-effective awarding of contracts for the maintenance, repair, alteration, demolition, renovation, remediation or minor construction of a public work.
- (c) Reducing any such barriers will benefit the public and promote the timely completion of certain public works projects that are critical for the health and safety of members of the public who use public buildings and facilities.
- (d) The voluminous and unpredictable amount of work for which certain public bodies in large counties in this State must award contracts presents unique challenges for these bodies.
- (e) The use of job order contracting eliminates certain administrative burdens associated with traditional procurement methods and enables such a public body to efficiently manage the numerous renovation, repair and maintenance projects required for facilities.
- (f) The provisions of this act are not intended to prohibit a public body from awarding a contract for a public work pursuant to any other procedure authorized pursuant to chapter 338 of NRS.
- 2. The Legislature therefore:
- (a) Establishes a pilot program to gather data on the use of job order contracts for the maintenance, repair, alteration, demolition, renovation, remediation and minor construction of a public work; and
- (b) Directs each public body in the pilot program to gather and report data on the use of job order contracts in this State in the manner prescribed by section 14 of this act.
- Sec. 2. As used in sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 338.010 and sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
- Sec. 3. "Job order" means an order issued by a public body for a definite scope of work to be performed pursuant to a job order contract.
- Sec. 4. "Job order contract" means a contract entered into pursuant to section 11 of this act.
- Sec. 5. "Public body" means:
- 1. Clark County.
- 2. The City of Henderson.
  - 3. The City of Las Vegas.
  - 4. The City of North Las Vegas.
- 5. The Clark County Water Reclamation District.
- Sec. 6. Any requirement prescribed by chapter 338 of NRS for a contract for a public work for which the estimated cost for the public work is the same as the estimated cost for a job order contract applies to the job order contract, including, without limitation, the requirements relating to the use of

apprentices prescribed by NRS 338.01165 and the prevailing wage requirements prescribed by NRS 338.020, as applicable.

Sec. 7. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3, a public body may award a job order contract for the maintenance, repair, alteration, demolition, renovation, remediation or minor construction of a public work. A job order contract must:

(a) Be for a fixed period:

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8 (b) Provide for indefinite times of delivery and indefinite types and 9 quantities of work; 10

(c) Provide for the use of job orders; and

(d) Not be for work exclusive to one trade for which a license as a specialty contractor is required.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a public body may not

award more than \$25,000,000 annually in job order contracts.

- 3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if the total dollar amount of all job order contracts awarded by a public body in any 1 year is less than the maximum dollar amount of job order contracts allowed to be awarded for that year, the difference between those amounts may be added to the total dollar amount of job order contracts that a public body may award in the immediately following year, up to a maximum amount of \$50,000,000 in anv 1 year.
- To qualify to enter into a job order contract with a public body, a Sec. 8. contractor must:
- 1. Not have been found liable for breach of contract with respect to a previous project, other than a breach for legitimate cause, during the 5 years immediately preceding the date of the advertisement for proposals pursuant to section 9 of this act;
- Not have been disqualified from being awarded a contract pursuant to NRS 338.017, 338.13845, 338.13895, 338.1475 or 408.333; and

3. Be licensed as a contractor pursuant to chapter 624 of NRS.

- Sec. 9. 1. A public body or its authorized representative shall advertise for a job order contract in the manner set forth in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 338.1385.
- 2. Each request for proposals or similar solicitation document for a job order contract must include, without limitation:
- (a) A detailed description of the work that the public body expects a contractor to perform, which must include, without limitation:
  - (1) Any technical specifications for the work;
  - (2) A unit price catalog for units of work; and
- (3) A description of the formula or method for pricing a unit of work that is not included in the unit price catalog;
- (b) A statement explaining why the public body elected to use a job order contract for the public work;
  - (c) A statement requiring that a proposal list an adjustment factor for each unit of work;
- (d) A description of the qualifications which are required for a contractor, including, without limitation, any certification required;

(e) A description of the bonding requirements for a contractor;

- 49 (f) The minimum amount of work committed to the selected contractor under the job order contract; 50 51
  - (g) The proposed form of the job order contract, which must include, without limitation, the procedure by which a job order will be issued;

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- (h) A description of the method for pricing a renewal or extension of the 2 iob order contract: 3
  - (i) The date by which proposals must be submitted to the public body; and
  - (j) A list of the selection criteria and relative weight of the selection criteria that will be used pursuant to section 11 of this act to rank proposals submitted by applicants.
  - A proposal submitted to a public body pursuant to this section must include, without limitation:
  - (a) The professional qualifications and experience of the applicant;
  - (b) An adjustment factor for each unit of work:
    - (c) Evidence of the ability of the applicant to obtain the necessary bonding for the work to be required by the public body;
    - (d) Evidence that the applicant has obtained or has the ability to obtain such insurance as may be required by law;
      - (e) A statement of whether the applicant has been:
    - (1) Found liable for breach of contract with respect to a previous project, other than a breach for legitimate cause, during the 5 years immediately preceding the date of the advertisement; or
    - (2) Disqualified from being awarded a contract pursuant to NRS 338.017, 338.13845, 338.13895, 338.1475 or 408.333; and
    - (f) Evidence that the applicant is licensed as a contractor pursuant to chapter 624 of NRS.
    - 4. The public body or its authorized representative shall make available to the public the name of each applicant who submits a proposal pursuant to this section.
    - 5. As used in this section, "adjustment factor" means the adjustment a contractor will multiply against the unit price listed in the unit price catalog for the job order contract.
    - Sec. 10. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 of section 9 of this act, any document or other information submitted by an applicant to a public body in response to a request for proposals or similar solicitation document pursuant to section 9 of this act, including, without limitation, a proposal made pursuant to section 9 of this act, is confidential and may not be disclosed until notice of intent to award the contract is issued.
    - 1. The public body or its authorized representative shall appoint a panel to rank the proposals submitted by applicants to the public body pursuant to section 9 of this act.
    - The panel appointed pursuant to subsection 1 shall rank the proposals by:
    - (a) Verifying that each applicant satisfies the requirements of section 8 of this act: and
    - (b) Evaluating and assigning a score to each of the proposals based on the factors and relative weight assigned to each factor that the public body specified in the request for proposals.
    - When ranking the proposals, the panel appointed pursuant to subsection 1 shall assign a relative weight of 5 percent to the applicant's possession of a certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works if the applicant submits a signed affidavit that meets the requirements of subsection 1 of NRS 338.0117. If any federal statute or regulation precludes the granting of federal assistance or reduces the amount of that assistance for a particular public work because of the provisions of this subsection, those provisions of this subsection do not apply insofar as their application would preclude or reduce federal assistance for that work.

- 1 4. Upon receipt of the rankings of the applicants from the panel, the public body or its authorized representative shall award a job order contract to one or more of the applicants.

  5. The initial term of a job order contract must not exceed 2 years. A
  - 5. The initial term of a job order contract must not exceed 2 years. A public body may renew a job order contract for not more than 1 year after the expiration of the initial term of the contract or such other period of time as is necessary to complete any outstanding job order issued before the expiration of the initial contract, whichever is sooner.
  - Sec. 12. 1. A contractor who enters into a job order contract pursuant to section 11 of this act is responsible for:
  - (a) Contracting for the services of any necessary subcontractor, supplier or independent contractor necessary to complete a job order;
  - (b) Ensuring a subcontractor complies with the requirements prescribed in subsections 5 and 6 of NRS 338.070; and
- 15 (c) The performance of and payment to any subcontractor, supplier or independent contractor.

  17 2. A contractor who enters into a job order contract pursuant to section
  - 2. A contractor who enters into a job order contract pursuant to section 11 of this act may not perform more than 50 percent of the estimated cost of the job order himself or herself, or using his or her own employees.
    - Sec. 13. A contractor shall submit a list of each subcontractor whom the contractor intends to engage for work on a job order before performing any work required by the job order. A contractor shall notify the public body of any substitution made to the list as soon as practicable.
  - Sec. 14. Each quarter, a public body shall provide to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Legislature a written report containing, for each job order contract, if any:
- 26 containing, for each job order contract 27 1. A list of each job order issued:

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- 28 2. The cost of each job order issued; and
  - 3. A list of each subcontractor hired to perform work for each job order.
  - Sec. 15. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2021, and expires by limitation on June 30, 2025.