## SENATE BILL NO. 203–SENATORS DONDERO LOOP; CANNIZZARO, DONATE, D. HARRIS, NEAL, OHRENSCHALL, RATTI, SCHEIBLE AND SPEARMAN

## MARCH 9, 2021

# Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to civil actions involving certain sexual offenses against minors. (BDR 2-577)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets fomitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to civil actions; revising provisions relating to civil actions involving certain sexual offenses against minors; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

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22 23 Existing law provides that a civil action to recover damages for sexual abuse that occurred when the plaintiff was less than 18 years of age must be commenced within 20 years after either of the following occurs, whichever is later: (1) the plaintiff reaches 18 years of age; or (2) the plaintiff discovers or reasonably should have discovered that his or her injury was caused by the sexual abuse. (NRS 11.215) Existing law also provides that a civil action to recover damages for injuries suffered by a victim of pornography involving minors must be commenced within 20 years after either of the following occurs, whichever is later: (1) the court enters a verdict in a related criminal case; or (2) the victim reaches the age of 18 years. (NRS 11.215) **Section 1** of this bill eliminates the statute of limitations for a civil action to recover damages for: (1) sexual abuse or exploitation if the sexual abuse or exploitation occurred when the plaintiff was less than 18 years of age; and (2) injuries suffered by a victim of pornography involving minors.

Existing law provides that a criminal conviction of a defendant for the injury alleged in a civil action is conclusive evidence of all facts necessary to impose civil liability on the defendant. (NRS 41.133) **Section 2** of this bill provides that if a plaintiff is the victim of sexual abuse or exploitation, a person has been convicted of a crime arising out of such sexual abuse or exploitation and the plaintiff commences a civil action against a person other than the person convicted of the crime, then the judgment of conviction of the person convicted of the crime is conclusive evidence in the civil action that the person sexually abused or exploited the plaintiff. **Section 2** also provides that a person is liable to a plaintiff for damages if the person: (1) employed, supervised or had responsibility for the





person convicted of the crime; (2) owned or controlled the property upon which the sexual abuse or exploitation occurred; (3) knew or should have known of the sexual  $\overline{26}$ abuse or exploitation by the person convicted of the crime; and (4) allowed the 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 sexual abuse or exploitation to occur. Finally, section 2 provides that if a person who is liable to a plaintiff gained a benefit from or covered up the sexual abuse or exploitation of the plaintiff, the person is liable for treble damages.

**Section 3** of this bill makes conforming changes by removing references to the statutes of limitations that were eliminated by this bill.

**Section 4** of this bill provides that the changes in this bill apply retroactively to any act constituting sexual abuse or exploitation or any act relating to pornography and a minor for which a person would be liable even if the statute of limitations that was in effect at the time of the act has expired, which means that a civil action that would otherwise be time-barred by the former statute of limitations is revived by this bill.

### THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 11.215 is hereby amended to read as follows:

11.215 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 and NRS 217.007, and An action to recover damages for an injury to a person arising from the sexual abuse or exploitation of the plaintiff which occurred when the plaintiff was less than 18 years of age [must] may be commenced [within 20 years after the plaintiff:

(a) Reaches 18 years of age; or

(b) Discovers or reasonably should have discovered that his or her injury was caused by the sexual abuse,

whichever occurs later.] at any time after the sexual abuse or exploitation occurred. In such an action, if the alleged injury to the plaintiff is the result of a series of two or more acts constituting sexual abuse or exploitation, the plaintiff is not required to identify which specific act in the series of acts caused the alleged injury.

- An action to recover damages pursuant to NRS 41.1396 [must] may be commenced [within 20 years after the occurrence of the following, whichever is later:
- (a) The court enters a verdict in a related criminal case; or
  - (b) The at any time after the victim reaches the age of 18 years.
- 3. As used in this section, "sexual [abuse" has the meaning ascribed to it] abuse or exploitation" means unwanted sexual contact and includes, without limitation, sexual abuse as defined in NRS 432B.100 H and sexual exploitation as defined in NRS 432B.110. As used in this subsection, "sexual contact" means the intentional touching, either directly or through the clothing, of the genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh or buttocks of another person or intentionally causing another person to touch, either directly or through the clothing, the genitalia, anus, groin, breast,



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inner thigh or buttocks of any person, with an intent to abuse, humiliate or degrade any person or to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person.

- **Sec. 2.** Chapter 41 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. If a plaintiff is the victim of sexual abuse or exploitation, a person has been convicted of a crime arising out of such sexual abuse or exploitation of the plaintiff and the plaintiff commences a civil action against a person other than the person convicted of the crime, then the judgment of conviction of the person convicted of the crime is conclusive evidence in the civil action that the person convicted of the crime sexually abused or exploited the plaintiff.
  - 2. A person is liable to a plaintiff for damages if the person:
- (a) Employed, supervised or had responsibility for the person convicted of the crime;
- (b) Owned or controlled the property upon which the sexual abuse or exploitation occurred;
- (c) Knew or should have known of the sexual abuse or exploitation by the person convicted of the crime; and
  - (d) Allowed the sexual abuse or exploitation to occur.
- 3. A person who is liable to a plaintiff under subsection 2 and who gained a benefit from or covered up the sexual abuse or exploitation of the plaintiff is liable to the plaintiff for treble damages.
  - 4. As used in this section:
- (a) "Convicted" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 41B.070.
- (b) "Cover up" means a concerted effort to hide evidence relating to sexual abuse or exploitation.
- (c) "Sexual abuse or exploitation" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 11.215.

**Sec. 3.** NRS 217.007 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 217.007 1. A victim may commence any action specified in NRS 11.190 [, 11.215] or 207.470 which arises from the commission of a felony, against the person who committed the felony within 5 years after the time the person who committed the felony becomes legally entitled to receive proceeds for any contribution to any material that is based upon or substantially related to the felony which was perpetrated against the victim.
- 2. If the limitation period established in NRS 11.190 [, 11.215] or 207.520 has otherwise expired, the liability of the person committing the felony to a victim imposed under this section must be limited to the value of the proceeds received by the person who committed the felony for any contribution to material that is based





upon or substantially related to the felony which was perpetrated against the victim.

3. For purposes of this section:

- (a) "Material" means a book, magazine or newspaper article, movie, film, videotape, sound recording, interview or appearance on a television or radio station and live presentations of any kind.
- (b) "Proceeds" includes money, royalties, real property and any other consideration.
  - (c) "Victim" means any person:
    - (1) Against whom a crime has been committed;
- (2) Who has been injured or killed as a direct result of the commission of a crime; or
- (3) Who is the surviving spouse, a parent or a child of such a person.
- **Sec. 4.** 1. The amendatory provisions of this act apply retroactively to any act constituting sexual abuse or exploitation and any act for which a person is liable under NRS 41.1396 that occurred before the effective date of this act, regardless of any statute of limitations that was in effect at the time the act constituting sexual abuse or exploitation or act for which a person is liable under NRS 41.1396 occurred, including, without limitation, any civil action that would have been barred by the statute of limitations that was in effect before the effective date of this act.
- 2. As used in this section, "sexual abuse or exploitation" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 11.215, as amended by this act.
  - **Sec. 5.** This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.





