

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 10—SENATOR SPEARMAN

APRIL 29, 2021

Referred to Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections

SUMMARY—Directs the Legislative Committee on Energy to conduct an interim study concerning the development of hydrogen and lithium as energy resources in this State. (BDR R-523)

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION—Directing the Legislative Committee on Energy to conduct an interim study concerning the development of hydrogen and lithium as energy resources in this State.

1 WHEREAS, It is the intent of this State to reduce the emissions of
2 carbon dioxide in this State to levels commensurate with the levels
3 established in the Paris Agreement; and

4 WHEREAS, The State Climate Strategy has identified that
5 hydrogen technologies, including, without limitation, hydrogen fuel
6 cell vehicles and hydrogen fueling stations, present opportunities to
7 reduce carbon emissions in this State; and

8 WHEREAS, The hydrogen economy is predicted to rapidly
9 expand across the globe and is currently valued at more than \$100
10 billion annually; and

11 WHEREAS, Emerging hydrogen end-use applications, including,
12 without limitation, in transportation, seasonal energy storage and the
13 global energy trade, provide opportunities to enhance economic
14 development in this State, which would provide such benefits as job
15 creation and increased tax revenue; and

16 WHEREAS, There is a growing demand for lithium, including,
17 without limitation, lithium batteries for use in electric and hybrid
18 vehicles that present opportunities to reduce carbon emissions in this
19 State; and

20 WHEREAS, The State Climate Strategy has identified that this
21 State has the largest lithium prospects in the United States and the
22 only active lithium mine in North America, and there is an



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1 opportunity to establish this State as an epicenter for, without
2 limitation, lithium mining for batteries, advanced manufacturing of
3 vehicles and battery recycling technology; and

4 WHEREAS, Emerging lithium end-use applications, including,
5 without limitation, in batteries for vehicles, electronics, electric tools
6 and grid storage applications, ceramics and glass, lubricating
7 greases and polymer production, provide opportunities to enhance
8 economic development in this State, which would provide such
9 benefits as job creation and increased tax revenue; and

10 WHEREAS, Encouraging the expansion of transportation
11 powered by hydrogen fuel cells and lithium batteries may help
12 decrease carbon emissions and improve air quality, which is
13 associated with improved respiratory health for Nevadans,
14 particularly economically disadvantaged Nevadans and communities
15 of color; now, therefore, be it

16 RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, THE
17 ASSEMBLY CONCURRING, That the Legislative Committee on
18 Energy shall conduct an interim study concerning the development
19 of hydrogen and lithium as energy resources in this State, including,
20 without limitation, the development of hydrogen and lithium
21 technologies, with the goal of achieving energy independence for
22 the State and facilitating economic diversification in this State; and
23 be it further

24 RESOLVED, That the study include a consideration of methods to
25 increase opportunities for students in this State to study subjects
26 related to hydrogen, lithium and hydrogen and lithium technologies
27 at a community college, state college or university in this State; and
28 be it further

29 RESOLVED, That, in conducting the study, the Legislative
30 Committee on Energy shall partner or consult with representatives
31 of the Nevada System of Higher Education, the elementary and
32 secondary education system in this State, the National Renewable
33 Energy Laboratory and the private sector, including, without
34 limitation, the existing energy industries located in this State, and
35 consider input provided by other stakeholders, including, without
36 limitation, clean energy developers, nongovernmental organizations
37 and professionals with expertise in the use of hydrogen and lithium
38 as energy resources and hydrogen and lithium technologies; and be
39 it further

40 RESOLVED, That, in conducting the study, the Legislative
41 Committee on Energy shall partner or consult with representatives
42 of the Nevada System of Higher Education to examine ways to
43 improve the training of workers in emerging hydrogen and lithium
44 technologies, including, without limitation, ways to prepare workers
45 to develop, construct, improve, maintain and repair facilities used in



1 the production and use of hydrogen and lithium as energy resources;
2 and be it further

3 RESOLVED, That, as part of the study, the Legislative Committee
4 on Energy may, if feasible, enter into a contract or other agreement
5 with the University of Nevada, Reno, the University of Nevada, Las
6 Vegas, or the Desert Research Institute for gathering data
7 concerning the assessment and development of hydrogen and
8 lithium as energy resources and producing a cost-benefit analysis of
9 hydrogen and lithium as energy resources; and be it further

10 RESOLVED, That the study assess the feasibility of using
11 hydrogen and lithium as energy resources in this State for various
12 applications including, without limitation, consideration of:

13 1. The potential for hydrogen and lithium to enable the
14 operation of zero-emission light-duty and medium-duty vehicles,
15 trucks, buses, locomotives, off-road equipment, aviation, industrial
16 equipment and harbor and watercraft;

17 2. The optimal deployment of infrastructure for hydrogen
18 fueling and lithium battery charging that would support the
19 acceleration of zero-emission vehicle adoption;

20 3. Opportunities for economies of scale in hydrogen utilization
21 in commercial or industrial hubs that deploy multiple types of
22 hydrogen or lithium equipment;

23 4. Novel processes for extracting lithium from rock and the
24 practicability of the application of those processes in this State;

25 5. The potential for using wastewater and wastewater treatment
26 facilities for the production of hydrogen;

27 6. The potential for converting existing mines into resources
28 for hydrogen, including, without limitation, by producing green
29 hydrogen from water associated with inactive or abandoned mines;

30 7. Methods for incentivizing the use of hydrogen and lithium
31 as energy resources in this State;

32 8. Economic and regulatory barriers hindering the
33 implementation of hydrogen and lithium as energy resources,
34 including, without limitation, whether policies incentivizing the
35 development of hydrogen and lithium as energy resources and
36 hydrogen and lithium technologies are comparable to policies
37 incentivizing the development of other energy resources and
38 technologies in this State;

39 9. Federal and nongovernmental grant opportunities that may
40 be available for the purposes of developing hydrogen and lithium as
41 energy resources in this State; and

42 10. The potential for using hydrogen microgrids, using lithium
43 batteries as energy storage for microgrids and coupling hydrogen
44 and lithium with distributed energy resources to strengthen the
45 resilience of the electric power grid; and be it further



1 RESOLVED, That any recommended legislation proposed by the
2 Legislative Committee on Energy must be approved by a majority
3 of the members of the Assembly and a majority of the members of
4 the Senate appointed to the Committee; and be it further

5 RESOLVED, That the Legislative Committee on Energy shall
6 submit a report of the results of the study and any recommendations
7 for legislation to the Governor and the Director of the Legislative
8 Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the 82nd Session of the Nevada
9 Legislature; and be it further

10 RESOLVED, That this resolution becomes effective upon
11 adoption.

